APPENDIX I

Population Groups and Samples	Anthropological Components					
	Nordic	Mediter-	Armenoid	Lap-	Oriental	Negroid
	%	ranean %	%	ponoid %	%	%
Oriental		-				
1. Karaites from Egypt	5.6	44.7	10.8	—	24.6	15.5
2. Jews from Yemen	<u> </u>	41.3	7.0		40.0	12.6
3. Jews from Egypt	5'4 6'7	24.2	13.0	5.9	40.0	13.0
4. Arabs from Yemen	6.7	17.7	21.6	4.5	35.4	14.8
5. Jews from Damascus and	ļ					-
Aleppo	14.1	20.4	17.2	3.0	46.9	-
6. Sephardim from Jerusalem	6.5	22.6	14.9	7.2	4 ⁸ '3	
7. Jews from Kurdistan	7.2	27.0	11.7	9.5	46.3	—
8. Jews from Mesopotamia	2.8	30.0	150	51	46-5	
9. Sephardi women, Jerusalem	—	25.8	16-9	13.0	44.7	—
10. Jews from Baghdad and Urfa	—	31.0	24.2	2.9	41.7	—
Caucasian						
11. Basques, Bronze Age, Spain		21.3	42.7	7:3	30.1	_
12. Jews from Urmia, Persia		14.4	57.7	8.1	19.7	
13. Jews from Dagestan, Caucasia		7.2	61.6	12.7	18.4	_
14. Jews from Grusia, Caucasia		7.1	61.6	19.8	11.8	_
15. Karaites of the Crimea	2.6	9.6	44.8	23.5	20.0	
16. Karaites, Crimea, skulls	5.0	11.2	40.0	22.0	21.5	_
17. Polesian Jews, Drohiczyn	9.5	16.0	34.8	24.6	151*	
18. Jews from Lwów, poorest	12.1	19.9	42.4	16.6	9'4	
19. Ossetes from Caucasia	11.8	23.6	40.8	23.6		
Central European						
20. German, Keuper Franks from						
Bavaria	19.6	12.3	21.4	46.8		
21. Jewish students, Lwów, Uni-	.90		-1.4	400		
versity	20.0	12.9	20.0	36.7	0.0	
22. Karaites, Luck, Volhynia	8.8	39.3	17.8	16.1	9'9 17'8	
23. Karaites, Troki and Wilno	10.2	22.0	23.0	22.5	22.5	_
24. Jews from Prague, seventeenth			-3 V	~• J	44 J	-
century	14-1	18.1	24.5	26.0	15.2	_
25. Jews from Troki, Lithuania	19.2	25.6	15.3	25.9	13.5	
26. Jewish women from Troki	20.8	21.4	18.7	24.9	15.0	
27. Jews from Warsaw	26.3	21.0	20.2	18.3	14'1	
28. Jewish women from Warsaw	25.8	18.8	21.3	20.0	13.3	_
29. Jewish students from U.S.A.,	24.4	10.0	21.8	14.0	28.4	<u> </u>
Goettingen, 1933	-77					

Analytical results of Salomon Czortkower's investigations

* Analysed by A. Wanke.

EDITORIAL NOTE.—The terms Nordic, Mediterranean, Armenoid, Lapponoid and Oriental are the names of races or sub-races into which European peoples have been classified on the basis of a number of associated anatomical characters. The Nordics are characterized by high average stature, blond skin, hair, and eyes, a medium round skull, etc., as found in Scandinavia, for example. Mediterraneans are defined as relatively short in average stature with long skull, dark hair and eyes; Armenoids as medium in stature, with dark hair and eyes, a short skull with flat occiput, and prominent nose; Lapponoids, as short in stature, with dark pigmentation, short skull and broad face; Orientals are characterized by high stature, dark pigmentation, curly hair, medium long skull, and narrow face and nose. In a general way these racial types express the average physique of inhabitants of particular geographical areas, but there is great individual variation within each region.