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Institute for Jewish Policy Research

# Report for Nightingale House

Data analysis of the 2001 Census

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NOT FOR ATTRIBUTION OR QUOTATION  
WITHOUT PRIOR PERMISSION FROM THE AUTHOR

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## Introduction to the UK 2001 Census

In 2001 the UK decennial Census asked a question about people's religion for the first time in 150 years. This has yielded the most accurate and comprehensive dataset regarding UK Jews ever assembled. Prior to the Census, demographic researchers were limited in the extent to which they could gain accurate data about UK Jewry. Existing datasets such as synagogue membership lists, often proved to be inaccurate whilst extrapolating from other administrative records such as mortality lists, required careful data interpretation.

This report aims to identify the location and circumstances of potential clientele for Nightingale House over the next 10-15 years, as well as to highlight locations where further qualitative research would be beneficial.

### Limitations of the Census data

Whilst the findings of the UK 2001 Census offers the most comprehensive and accurate insights ever obtained for a Jewish population in the UK, these Census data possess some limitations which should be borne in mind when drawing conclusions.

First, the census is universal in theory but not in practice. Inevitably there will always be some people who fail to be included. Some groups are more 'at risk' of this than others. These include illegal immigrants, the homeless, flat dwellers and the highly mobile. Second, for confidentiality reasons, the Census does not publish data where the number of people in an individual geographic unit is less than three. Since all published tables must relate to each other, each comes with the proviso: '*Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data.*' It is not thought that this will affect the results presented in this report. And finally, in all cases where Census data are referred to here, the figure should be assessed in the light of it reflecting the *enumerated* population and not necessarily the *actual* population size. This is because not everyone will have answered every question, and indeed, since the question on religion was *voluntary*, there is an increased risk of non-response for Jews. In particular, the most secular and most religious ends of the Jewish spectrum were most likely to be undercounted.

## Geography

The first section outlines the geographic distribution of the Jewish population according to the 2001 Census. It was well known before the Census that Jews tend to cluster residentially in specific urban spaces. Census data confirmed that this is indeed still the case. This tendency to associate closely with one another is reflected in the geographical distribution of the Jewish population in London. They tend to congregate residentially, with the majority living in only a small number of areas. A traditional view has tended to describe this general pattern of Jewish settlement choice in terms of *residential segregation*, though residential congregation might be a more apt description.

For the first time, the 2001 Census has also enabled demographers to map the distribution of the Jewish population with some accuracy. The data are presented here are at four levels, based on the extant administrative boundaries:<sup>1</sup>

1. Country/County level
2. Local Authority District level (LADs)—for example the London Boroughs are LADs
3. Ward level—for example Hendon and Golders Green are wards. There are approximately 20 wards per LAD, and,
4. Output Area level—roughly akin to postcode blocks. There are about 40 per ward or 800 per LAD.

To put the analysis in context this Geography section will ‘zoom in’ on the relevant areas starting from the national Census results.

### National level

Map 1 shows the distribution of the Jewish population of England and Wales. In this map one dot equals 100 people. County boundaries are highlighted with LAD boundaries in a lighter shade in the background. It shows clearly that the Jews are a predominantly urban group. Of the 266,740 people recorded as Jewish by Religion in the 2001 UK Census, the Jewish population is found predominantly in the London region. A few pockets are also seen elsewhere specifically in Greater Manchester and Leeds. The domination of London is so great (almost two thirds of all UK Jews live in and around the Capital) that the map’s boundary details are obliterated by the density of dots.

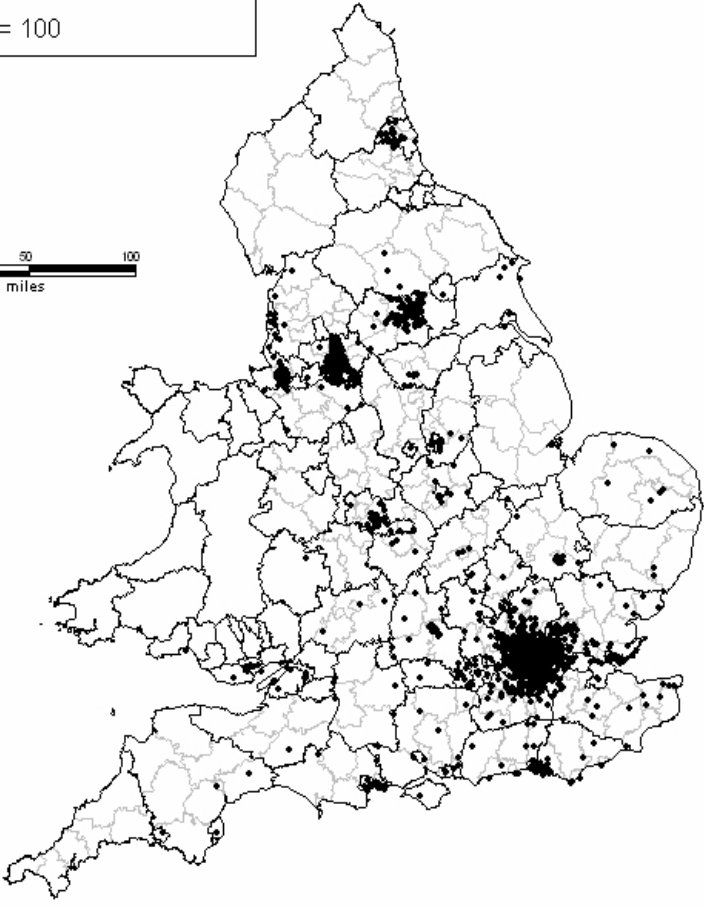
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<sup>1</sup> Scotland has not been included in this analysis because the Scottish Census data are issued independently of data for England and Wales and the Jewish population of Scotland numbers only 6,500.

**Map 1 – Jewish population of England and Wales**

**Total Jewish population in E&W by LAD**  
Census 2001  
1 Dot = 100

0 50 100  
miles



### City level

The density of the Jewish population in London is better examined at a smaller scale where a clearer picture of the population distribution in Greater London can be seen. Map 2 details this area of the Greater London Authority where one dot equals 20 people. The darker shaded boundaries on this map show the boroughs or LADs and lighter shaded boundaries show the wards. Five concentrations of Jews can be seen in London. Going from east to west, first is the Harrow/Barnet boarder concentration centred on Edgware, second is the south Barnet concentration centred on Hendon and Golders Green; third and slightly to the south, is the Camden/Westminster concentration centred on St John's Wood. The fourth concentration is seen in the north of Hackney around Stamford Hill and the fifth concentration is in Redbridge in the north east of the Capital.

**Nightingale House is highlighted on Map 2 and it is clear that its location is about 10 miles to the south of Greater London's Jewish centre of gravity.**

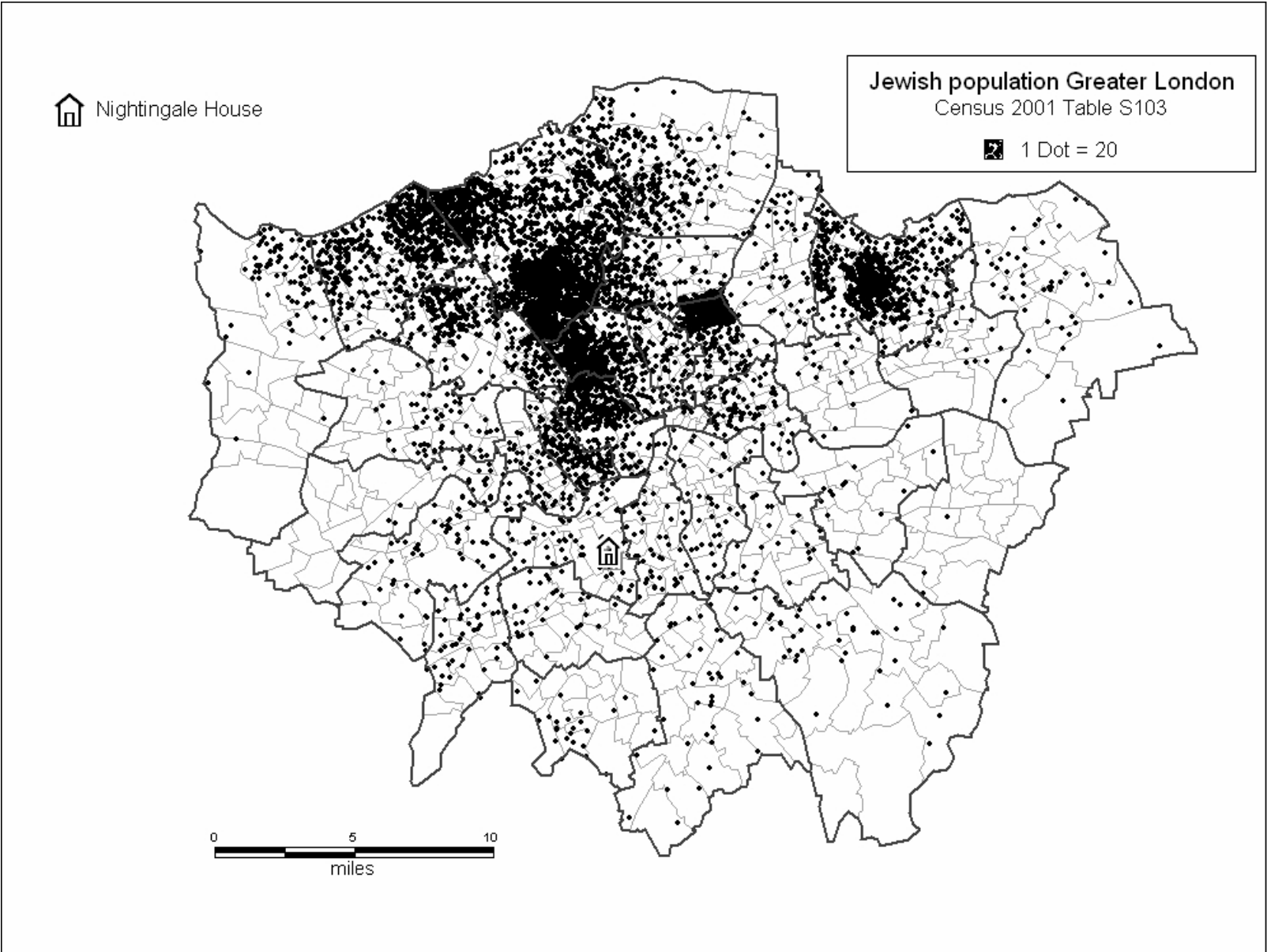
### Borough level

The final map in this section (Map 3 on page 8) shows Nightingale House in situ at 105 Nightingale Lane, Clapham, South West London close to Clapham South tube station within the London Borough of Wandsworth. Darker shaded boundaries on this map show the wards and lighter shaded boundaries show the output areas. Nightingale House is shown by the dark patch to the north of Nightingale ward. It is obvious from this map that Nightingale dominates the Jewish geography of the Borough.

### Block level

The smallest level of geographical analysis that are available from the Census is the output area. This is roughly akin to the postcode block. In the UK there are 220,000 output areas of which 50,000 have at least three or more Jews living in them. (Three being the smallest figure that the Census will disclose). The distribution of Jews throughout these neighbourhoods is far from even. For example, half of all UK Jews live in less than 1 per cent of all the output areas in Britain. Of the output areas containing the most Jews, 11 of the top 20 are inside Greater London. In the whole of the UK only nine output areas contain more than 300 Jews. Interestingly, not a single UK output area is 100 per cent Jewish and perhaps of even more relevant interest, the 'most Jewish' output area (i.e. the one containing largest proportion of Jews) is called 0041 in Nightingale Ward in Wandsworth. **In other words Nightingale House represents the most densely Jewish neighbourhood block in the whole of the UK.** See Table 1 on page 7.

**Map 2 – Jewish population of Greater London**



**Table 1 – The five largest output areas in the UK by the proportion of the total population that is Jewish**

	LAD name	Ward name	Output area code	Per cent of OA that is Jewish
1	Wandsworth	Nightingale	41	83.1
2	Barnet	Golders Green	36	75.2
3	Salford	Kersal	36	73.3
4	Leeds	North	11	72.6
5	Salford	Kersal	09	70.7

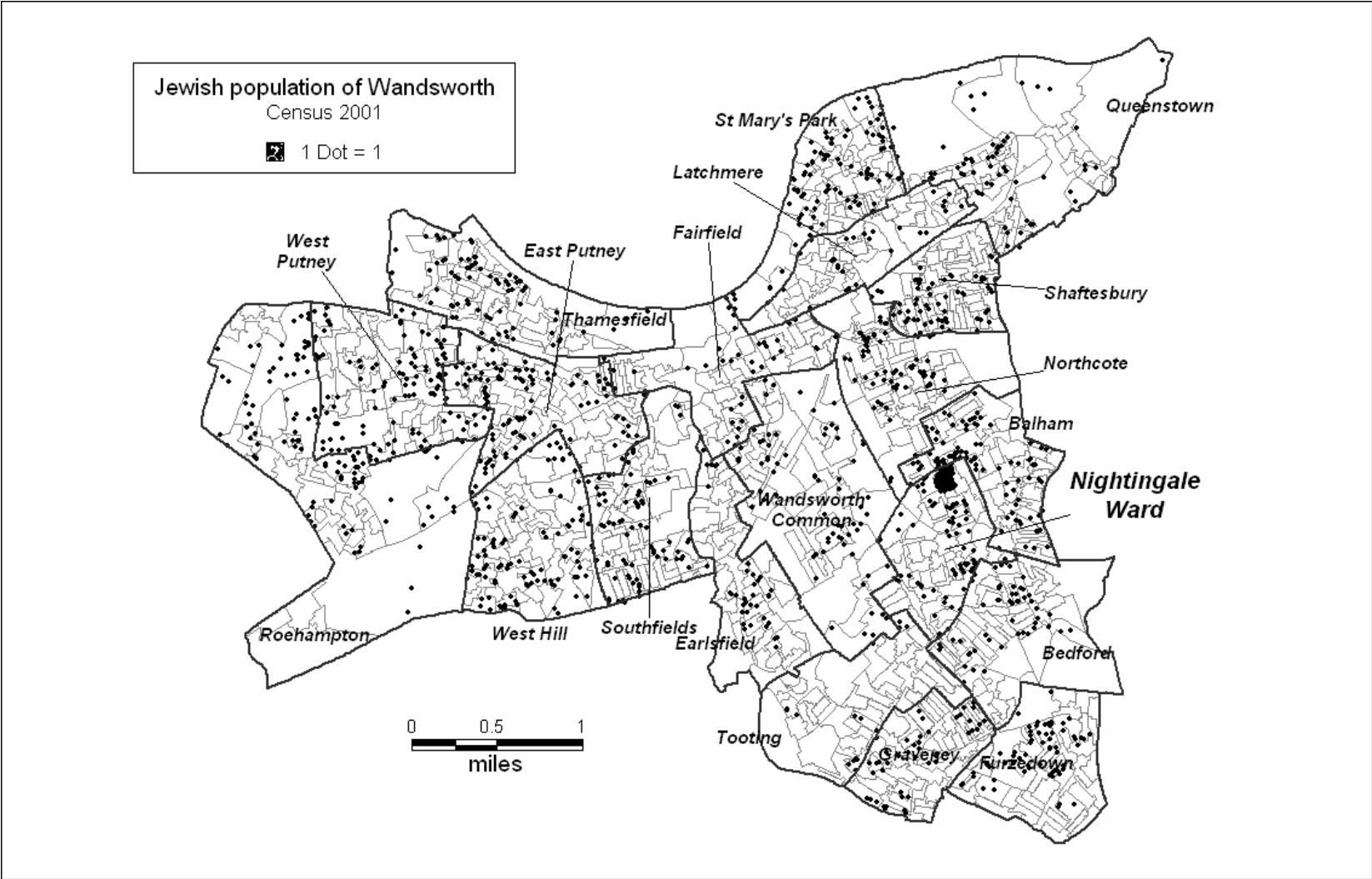
Source: ONS Table S103

### Analytical Key

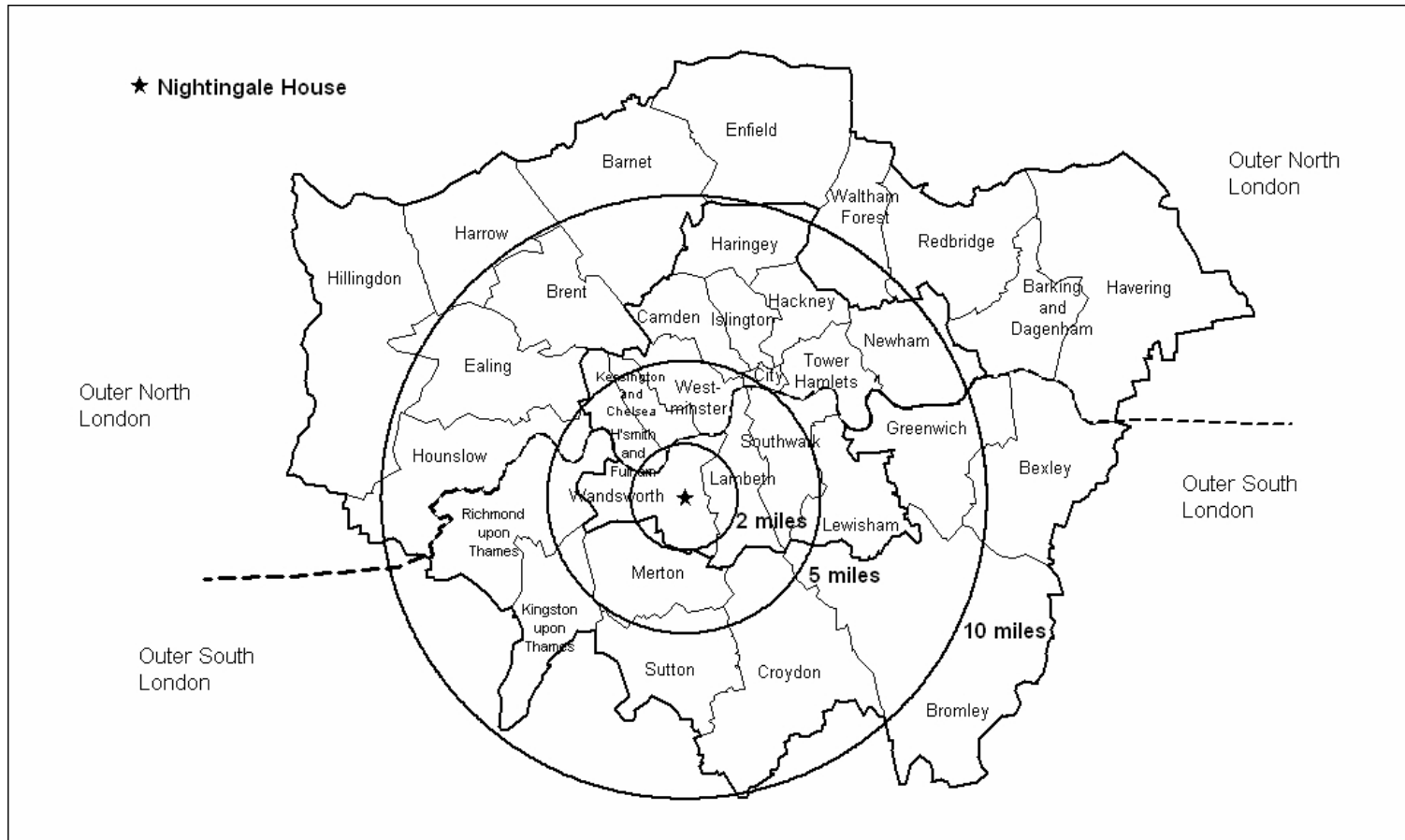
The remainder of this report analyses data based on the County level. In particular it covers the following five regions: Inner London, Outer London North, Outer London South, Kent and Surrey. Since Outer North and Outer South London are not official administrative boundaries, in some parts of the analysis the data are presented simply as Outer London. Where necessary and in the Appendices, lower level data are provided. Map 4 and Map 5 enable the reader to see which boroughs form Outer North London and which form Out South London. They also identify LAD names across the region including Surrey and Kent. Buffer boundaries have been included to give an idea of distances from Nightingale House. These two maps can be referred to as visual aids, or keys, for data in the remainder of the report.



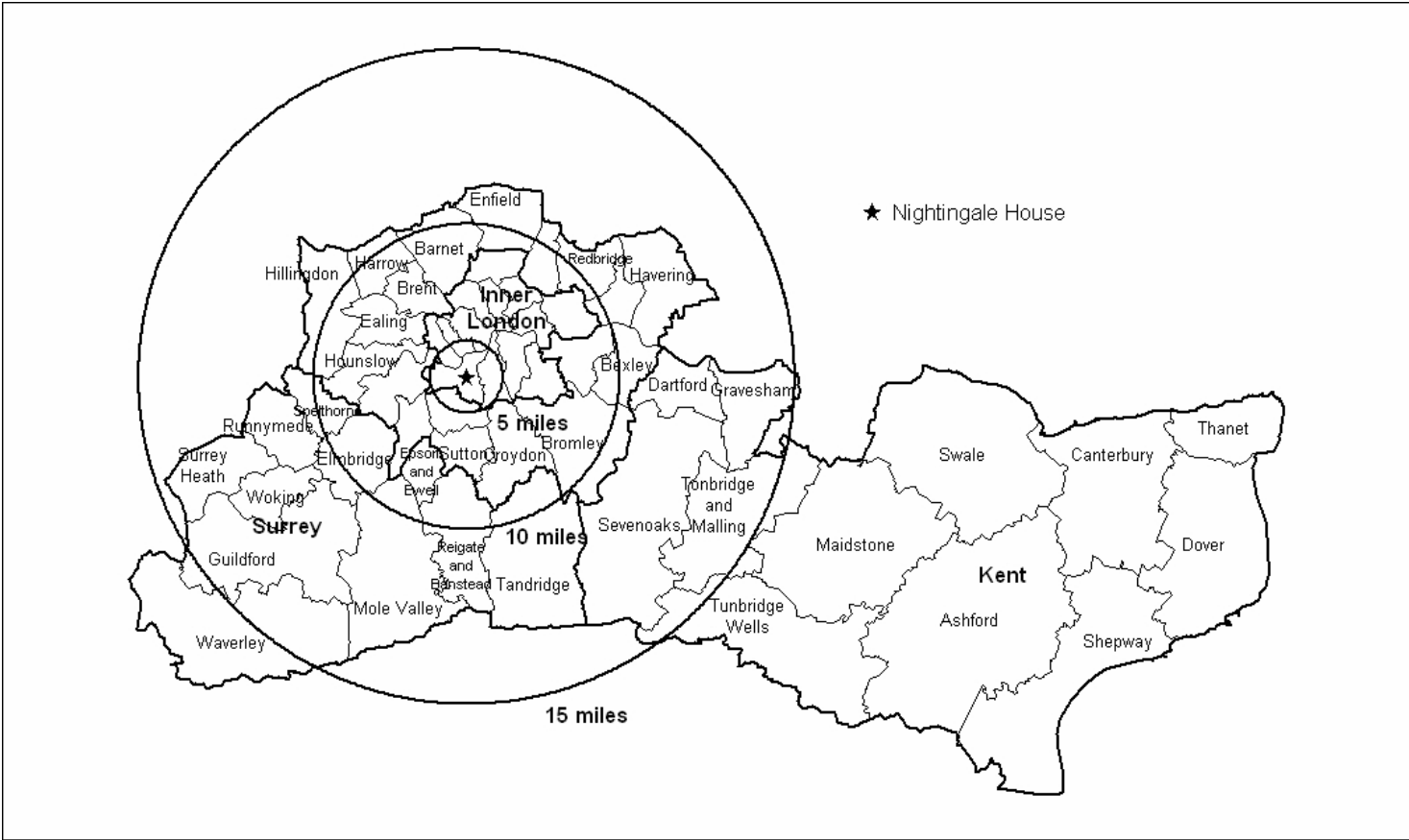
Map 3 – Jewish population of the London Borough of Wandsworth



Map 4 – Key to Greater London boundaries and buffer distances relative to Nightingale House



**Map 5 – Key to London, Surrey and Kent boundaries and buffer distances relative to Nightingale House**



## Demography

The Census provides detailed information about the age and sex structure of the Jewish population. Table 2 shows the data for the three key Client Groups identified by Nightingale House across the five regions of interest. More detailed tables can be seen in Appendix 1 from page 28.

**Table 2 – Age and Sex**

Age group	Inner London	Outer London North	Outer London South	Kent	Surrey	Total
<b>Total Jewish Pop</b>	49,199	92,970	7,620	1,683	3,229	<b>154,701</b>
50 to 64	7,620	18,061	1,610	395	775	<b>28,461</b>
65 to 74	4,110	9,873	797	170	302	<b>15,252</b>
75 and over	6,320	12,517	963	229	298	<b>20,327</b>
<b>Total Jewish Males</b>	23,779	43,720	3,652	858	1,595	<b>73,604</b>
50 to 64	3,739	8,395	767	210	393	<b>13,504</b>
65 to 74	2,037	4,626	396	84	153	<b>7,296</b>
75 and over	2,463	4,749	401	101	136	<b>7,850</b>
<b>Total Jewish Females</b>	25,420	49,250	3,968	825	1,634	<b>81,097</b>
50 to 64	3,881	9,666	843	185	382	<b>14,957</b>
65 to 74	2,073	5,247	401	86	149	<b>7,956</b>
75 and over	3,857	7,768	562	128	162	<b>12,477</b>

Source: ONS Table S103

**Table 2 – Age and Sex (Per cent)**

Age group	Inner London	Outer London North	Outer London South	Kent	Surrey
<b>Total Jewish Pop</b>	49,199	92,970	7,620	1,683	3,229
50 to 64	15.5	19.4	21.1	23.5	24.0
65 to 74	8.4	10.6	10.5	10.1	9.4
75 and over	12.8	13.5	12.6	13.6	9.2
<b>Total Jewish Males</b>	23,779	43,720	3,652	858	1,595
50 to 64	15.7	19.2	21.0	24.5	24.6
65 to 74	8.6	10.6	10.8	9.8	9.6
75 and over	10.4	10.9	11.0	11.8	8.5
<b>Total Jewish Females</b>	25,420	49,250	3,968	825	1,634
50 to 64	15.3	19.6	21.2	22.4	23.4
65 to 74	8.2	10.7	10.1	10.4	9.1
75 and over	15.2	15.8	14.2	15.5	9.9

Source: ONS Table S103

### Client Group A – aged 75 and over

This group comprises over 20,000 people in the five regions selected or 13 per cent of the Jewish population. To give an idea of how the age structure of the Jewish population compares, the equivalent proportion for the national general population is 8 per cent. The majority of people in this group live in Outer North London (12,500) and Inner London (6,300). The counties of Kent and Surrey combined comprise only

237 people in this age cohort. Overall, there are 60 per cent more women than men in the 75 and over age group.

The 'youngest' region in this Client Group is Surrey with 9 per cent of Jews aged 75 and over and the 'oldest' is Kent at 14 per cent but since the number of people is so small little importance should be given to this. With the exception of Surrey, about 10 percent of males and 16 per cent of females are found in this age group in each region.

#### Client Group B – aged 65 to 74

This group comprises over 15,000 people or 10 per cent of the Jewish population in the five regions under discussion. By comparison, this age group comprises 8 per cent of the national general population. Again, the vast majority of Jews aged 65 to 74 live in Outer North London (9,900) and Inner London (4,100). By comparison, the Counties of Kent and Surrey combined comprise only 472 people. There are 9 per cent more women than men in this age group.

The 'youngest' region in this Client Group is Inner London with 8 per cent of Jews aged 65 to 74 and over and the 'oldest' is Outer North London at 11 per cent. Potentially, everyone in Client Group B will be in Client group A by 2011, i.e. in 6 years time. Outer North London, represents 55 per cent of Jews in this age group alone.

#### Decision Makers – aged 50 to 64

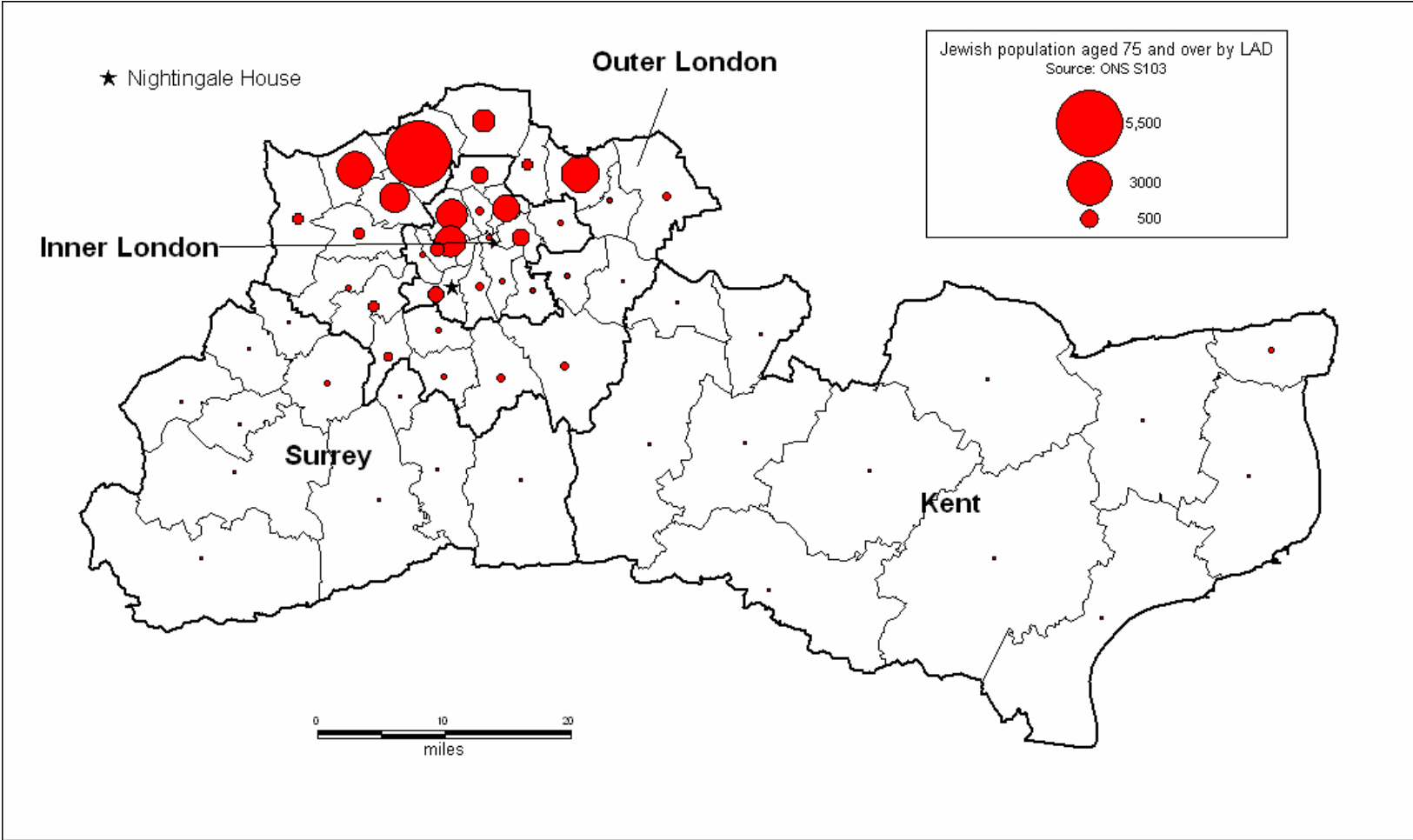
The group that are defined as current Decision Makers comprises 28,500 people or 18 per cent of the Jews in these five regions. Two thirds, 63 per cent, of people aged 50 to 64 live in Outer North London. As a proportion of each region's population they vary considerably. For example, in Inner London Decision Makers comprise 16 per cent of the population whereas in Surrey (with admittedly relatively few people) they comprise almost a quarter (24 per cent).

#### At LAD level

A more detailed analysis of this dataset is revealed by examining the next scale of data available from ONS, the LAD, effectively Borough level. Appendix 1 shows these data in tabulated format for all ages and LADs in the five regions. Seven LADs (Hammersmith & Fulham, Kensington & Chelsea, Kingston-upon-Thames, Lambeth, Merton, Richmond-upon-Thames, and Westminster) lie adjacent to Wandsworth where Nightingale House is situated. Of these, Westminster has by far the most Jewish people aged 75 and over (1,442 individuals). None of the LADs has even 1,000 people aged 65 to 74. Apart from Westminster, only Kensington & Chelsea has any noticeable numbers and even here there are only 371 people aged 75 and over and 337 people aged 65 to 74.

This picture of Nightingale's peripheral location relative to the core of its market-base is highlighted in Map 6. This map shows all Jewish people aged 75 and above in all LADs. (The equivalent map for those aged 65 to 74 has not been reproduced here since it is visually indistinguishable from Map 6). Note that in this map Outer London is shown as a single region (rather than the North and South sub-division based on the Thames, used in the above analysis) but it is still abundantly clear where the majority of the client-base is located. (Note that the circle in Wandsworth is mostly reflective of the Jewish people already in the Home).

Map 6 – Jewish population aged 75 and over in the regions of analysis



## Health

The Census provides details about the state of people's health in two ways: first, by asking about Limiting Long-Term Illness (LLTI) and second, by asking about General Health. These data are presented by age and sex. Table 3 – Limiting Long-term Illness and general health – on page 16 summarises the findings for Jews in the five regions of interest. Note the age cohorts published by the Census do not exactly match the Client Group age brackets of Nightingale House.

### Jewish people aged 65 and over

There are 35,600 people in this age group in the five regions and of these 17,800 or 50 per cent, reported that they suffered from a LLTI. The regional differences are mostly predicted by the size of the population living there but in Kent (with only 220 people in this age group) people were most likely to have a LLTI. Of this group with a LLTI, 8,100 people (just under half) said that they were also **not** in good general health at the time of the Census.

On average 53 per cent of women in this age group suffer from LLTI compare with 45 per cent of men. Women in this group are also more likely to report poor general health, 44 per cent of those with LLTI did so compared with 43 per cent of men. These data are shown in the graphs on page 15.

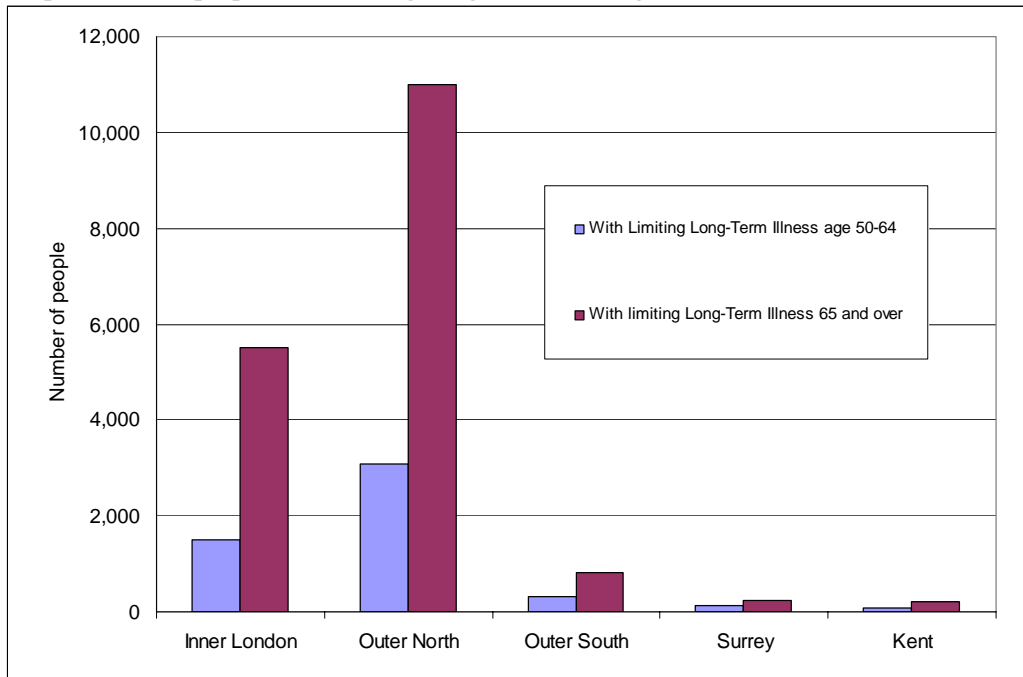
### People aged 50 to 64

The other age group of interest comprises the 28,500 people aged 50 to 64. Of these, 5,100 or 18 per cent have a LLTI. Within this group 2,350 also said that they were **not** in good general health. Again absolute regional differences are mostly predicted by the size of the population living there but Kent again shows the highest proportion at 22 per cent with LLTI (but note that there are only 88 people in this age group).

Graph 1 shows the absolute numbers of people with a LLTI in the five regions and little that is particularly surprising here. The region with the most Jews living there (i.e. Outer North London) has the most people with a LLTI. (Note, this graph does not show proportions.) Consequently, because the 50 to 64 age cohort covers only 15 years compared with the possible 35 or more years for the 65 and over category, more people are seen reporting LLTI in this older group. Nevertheless it is abundantly clear that the majority of Jews with an LLTI are living in outer North London and to a certain extent in Inner London. For the regions of Outer South London, Surrey and Kent only 1,800 people aged **50 and above** have a LLTI. Note that this total only amounts to 16 per cent of those people in Outer North London alone aged **65 and above**.

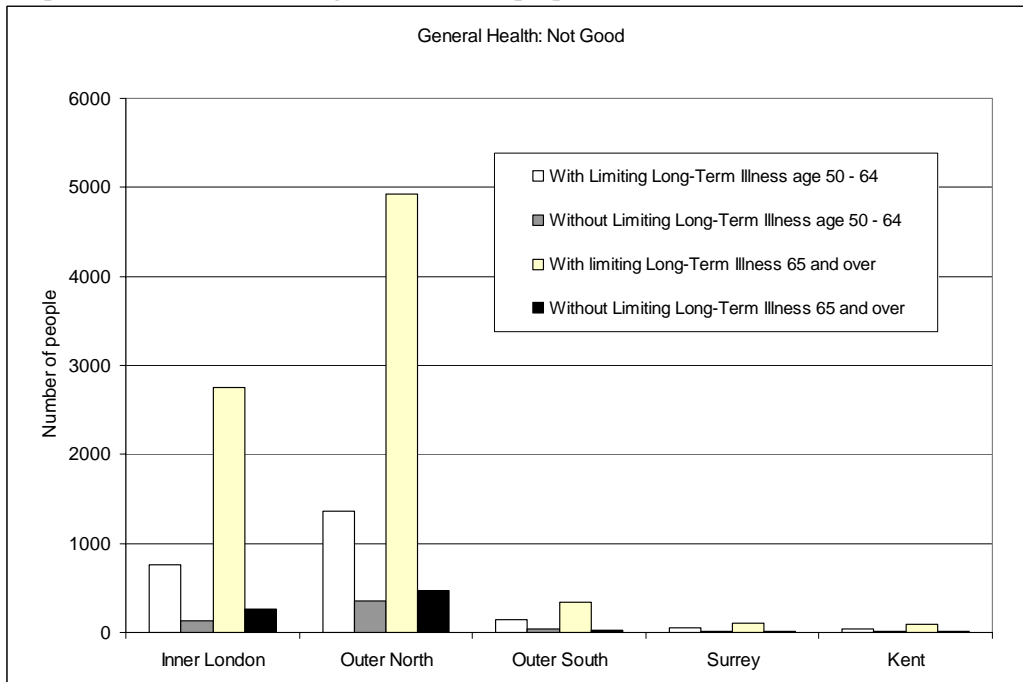
Graph 2 shows the general health data in absolute numbers of people in the five regions. What was true for Graph 1 is also true here; the graph is heavily influenced by the location of the majority of the Jewish population. Detailed breakdowns of regional health data by LAD are presented in Appendix 2 on page 33.

**Graph 1 – Jewish people with Limiting Long-term Illness aged 50-64 and 65 and above**



Source: ONS Table S152

**Graph 2 – General health ‘not good’ for Jewish people**



Source: ONS Table S152



**Table 3 – Limiting Long-term Illness and general health**

		Inner London			Outer North London			Outer South London			Surrey			Kent		
		All	Males	Fe- males	All	Males	Fe- males	All	Males	Fe- males	All	Males	Fe- males	All	Males	Fe- males
<b>Aged 50 to 64</b>	With Limiting Long-Term Illness	1,512	728	784	3,082	1356	1726	318	152	166	134	59	75	88	41	47
	Good or Fairly Good Health	757	356	401	1,723	784	939	168	87	81	80	39	41	50	23	27
	Not Good Health	755	372	383	1359	572	787	150	65	85	54	20	34	38	18	20
	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	6,108	3,011	3,097	14,975	7,037	7,938	1295	616	679	641	334	307	307	169	138
	Good or Fairly Good Health	5,973	2,943	3,030	14,626	6,880	7,746	1259	600	659	630	329	301	290	160	130
	Not Good Health	135	68	67	349	157	192	36	16	20	11	5	6	17	9	8
Totals		7,620	3,739	3,881	18,057	8,393	9,664	1,613	768	845	775	393	382	395	210	185
<b>Aged 65 and over</b>	With limiting Long-Term Illness	5,508	2,152	3,356	10,986	4,214	6,772	809	340	469	250	100	150	220	97	123
	Good or Fairly Good Health	2,753	1,080	1,673	6,056	2,373	3,683	466	205	261	146	59	87	132	58	74
	Not Good health	2,755	1,072	1,683	4,930	1,841	3,089	343	135	208	104	41	63	88	39	49
	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	4,922	2,348	2,574	11,409	5,166	6,243	950	455	495	350	189	161	179	88	91
	Good or Fairly Good Health	4,662	2,233	2,429	10,941	4,957	5,984	925	444	481	338	184	154	168	83	85
	Not Good Health	260	115	145	468	209	259	25	11	14	12	5	7	11	5	6
Totals		10,430	4,500	5,930	22,395	9,380	13,015	1,759	795	964	600	289	311	399	185	214

Source: ONS Table S152

**Table 3b – Limiting Long-term Illness and general health (percent)**

		Inner London			Outer North London			Outer South London			Surrey			Kent		
		All	Males	Fe- males	All	Males	Fe- males	All	Males	Fe- males	All	Males	Fe- males	All	Males	Fe- males
Base Totals		7,620	3,739	3,881	18,057	8,393	9,664	1,613	768	845	775	393	382	395	210	185
<b>Aged 50 to 64 %</b>	With Limiting Long-Term Illness	19.8	19.5	20.2	17.1	16.2	17.9	19.7	19.8	19.6	17.3	15.0	19.6	22.3	19.5	25.4
	Good or Fairly Good Health	50.1	48.9	51.1	55.9	57.8	54.4	52.8	57.2	48.8	59.7	66.1	54.7	56.8	56.1	57.4
	Not Good Health	49.9	51.1	48.9	44.1	42.2	45.6	47.2	42.8	51.2	40.3	33.9	45.3	43.2	43.9	42.6
	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	80.2	80.5	79.8	82.9	83.8	82.1	80.3	80.2	80.4	82.7	85.0	80.4	77.7	80.5	74.6
	Good or Fairly Good Health	97.8	97.7	97.8	97.7	97.8	97.6	97.2	97.4	97.1	98.3	98.5	98.0	94.5	94.7	94.2
	Not Good Health	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.4	2.8	2.6	2.9	1.7	1.5	2.0	5.5	5.3	5.8
Base Totals		10,430	4,500	5,930	22,395	9,380	13,015	1,759	795	964	600	289	311	399	185	214
<b>Aged 65 and over %</b>	With limiting Long-Term Illness	52.8	47.8	56.6	49.1	44.9	52.0	46.0	42.8	48.7	41.7	34.6	48.2	55.1	52.4	57.5
	Good or Fairly Good Health	50.0	50.2	49.9	55.1	56.3	54.4	57.6	60.3	55.7	58.4	59.0	58.0	60.0	59.8	60.2
	Not Good health	50.0	49.8	50.1	44.9	43.7	45.6	42.4	39.7	44.3	41.6	41.0	42.0	40.0	40.2	39.8
	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	47.2	52.2	43.4	50.9	55.1	48.0	54.0	57.2	51.3	58.3	65.4	51.8	44.9	47.6	42.5
	Good or Fairly Good Health	94.7	95.1	94.4	95.9	96.0	95.9	97.4	97.6	97.2	96.6	97.4	95.7	93.9	94.3	93.4
	Not Good Health	5.3	4.9	5.6	4.1	4.0	4.1	2.6	2.4	2.8	3.4	2.6	4.3	6.1	5.7	6.6

Source: ONS Table S152

## Communal Establishments/Care homes

The Census provides data about all those living in communal establishments by sex. Table 4 summarises the results for the regions of interest. Note however that Outer London has not been split and that both the LAD of Wandsworth and the Ward of Nightingale are included here.

**Table 4 – Type of communal establishment by sex for the Jewish population (non-staff)**

	Inner London	Outer London	Kent	Surrey	Wands-worth LAD	Nightingale Ward
<b>All Jewish Residents</b>	1,086	1,595	87	145	283	256
Medical and care establishments	700	1,428	44	53	269	256
NHS	47	54	3	9	-	-
Psychiatric hospital / home	9	30	3	6	-	-
Other hospital home	38	24	-	3	-	-
Local Authority	16	52	-	-	-	-
Children's home	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nursing Home	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residential Care Home	13	52	-	-	-	-
Other home	3	-	-	-	-	-
Housing Association	75	57	3	3	-	-
Home or hostel	75	57	3	3	-	-
Other	562	1,265	38	41	269	256
<b>Nursing home</b>	<b>334</b>	<b>463</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>259</b>	<b>256</b>
Residential care home	218	665	33	16	4	-
Children's home	-	-	-	-	-	-
Psychiatric hospital / home	3	9	-	-	3	-
Other hospital	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other medical and care home	7	128	-	-	3	-
Other establishments (E.g. Halls of residence, Prison)	386	167	43	92	14	-
<b>Males</b>	<b>381</b>	<b>472</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>58</b>
Medical and care establishments (NHS, Local Auth, Housing Assoc)	189	381	19	18	63	58
Other	141	316	16	12	63	58
<b>Nursing home</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>58</b>
Residential care home	55	158	16	6	-	-
Children's home	-	-	-	-	-	-
Psychiatric hospital / home	-	6	-	-	-	-
Other hospital	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other medical and care home	4	33	-	-	3	-
Other establishments (E.g. Halls of residence, Prison)	192	91	22	46	6	-
<b>Females</b>	<b>705</b>	<b>1,123</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>198</b>
Medical and care establishments (NHS, Local Auth, Housing Assoc)	511	1,047	25	35	206	198
Other	421	949	22	29	206	198
<b>Nursing home</b>	<b>252</b>	<b>344</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>198</b>
Residential care home	163	507	17	10	4	-
Children's home	-	-	-	-	-	-
Psychiatric hospital / home	3	3	-	-	3	-
Other hospital	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other medical and care home	3	95	-	-	-	-
Other establishments (E.g. Halls of residence, Prison)	194	76	21	46	8	-

Source: ONS Table S161

In total there are 2,225 Jewish people in 'Medical and care establishments' in the regions. Of these 1,759 or 79 per cent are in either a 'Nursing home' or a 'Residential care home'. The table shows that the Census recorded 198 Jewish females and 58

Jewish males living in a Nursing Home in Nightingale Ward on 29 April 2001. (It is suggested that Nightingale House might use these data to assess the validity of the Census records by cross-checking the figures with their own records.) There are 571 other Jewish individuals who are also recorded as living in a nursing home throughout the five regions, not including Nightingale House.

### Caring

Data on caring in the home (with or without payment) is available from the Census but unfortunately are not presented on a by-religion basis. It is therefore not possible to say what proportion of the Jewish population is caring for others at home or how many hours a week they carry out such care.<sup>2</sup>

Data more readily available, however, concern those who work professionally in this sector. Under the Census data on industry, the proportion of Jews who work in the 'Health and Social Work' sector is published and are summarised in Table 5.

**Table 5 – Jewish Health sector workers for people aged 16 to 74**

	Inner London	Outer London	Kent	Surrey
Total Jewish working population	21,515	46,035	761	1,627
All Jewish people in the Health and social work sector	2,035	4,617	102	152
<b>Total Males</b>	12,044	25,193	423	914
Health and social work	743	1,427	33	44
<b>Total Females</b>	9,471	20,842	338	713
Health and social work	1,292	3,190	69	108
<b>Percentages</b>				
Base	21,515	46,035	761	1,627
Health and social work (All)	9.5	10.0	13.4	9.3
Health and social work (Male)	6.2	5.7	7.8	4.8
Health and social work (Female)	13.6	15.3	20.4	15.1

Source: ONS Table S155

Note: The industry categorisation is based on the 'UK Standard Industrial Classifications of Economic Activities 1992' (SIC92).

This table refers only to people aged 16 to 74 in employment the week before the Census. Further, the data do not differentiate between Outer North and Outer South London. Of the regions described here a total of 6,900 Jewish people work in the 'Health and Social Work' sector of which over 67 per cent are female. In Outer London 15 per cent of all working females are in this sector.

<sup>2</sup> JPR have requested this data from the Office for National Statistics but as of writing the information was unavailable.

## Retirement

The Census also published data on retirement as part of its tables on Economic Activity. Table 6 summarises these data for Jews. (Note the data do not differentiate between Outer North and Outer South London.)

**Table 6 – Economic activity and retirement**

	Inner London	Outer London	Kent	Surrey
<b>All Jewish People</b>	33,891	69,963	1,254	2,445
Aged 25 years and over	29,583	61,208	1,115	2,181
Economically Active	20,822	43,071	752	1,545
Economically Inactive	8,761	18,137	363	636
Retired	3,176	8,903	158	308
<b>Males</b>	16,743	33,429	651	1,204
Aged 25 years and over	14,763	29,079	576	1,062
Economically Active	11,932	23,816	423	867
Economically Inactive	2,831	5,263	153	195
Retired	1,329	3,359	66	133
<b>Females</b>	17,148	36,534	603	1,241
Aged 25 years and over	14,820	32,129	539	1,119
Economically Active	8,890	19,255	329	678
Economically Inactive	5,930	12,874	210	441
Retired	1,847	5,544	92	175

Source: ONS Table S153

**Table 6 – Economic activity and retirement by percentage**

	Inner London	Outer London	Kent	Surrey
<b>ALL PEOPLE</b>				
Aged 25 years and over	87.3	87.5	88.9	89.2
Economically Active	70.4	70.4	67.4	70.8
Economically Inactive	29.6	29.6	32.6	29.2
Retired	36.3	49.1	43.5	48.4
<b>Males</b>				
Aged 25 years and over	88.2	87.0	88.5	88.2
Economically Active	80.8	81.9	73.4	81.6
Economically Inactive	19.2	18.1	26.6	18.4
Retired	46.9	63.8	43.1	68.2
<b>Females</b>				
Aged 25 years and over	86.4	87.9	89.4	90.2
Economically Active	60.0	59.9	61.0	60.6
Economically Inactive	40.0	40.1	39.0	39.4
Retired	31.1	43.1	43.8	39.7

Source: ONS Table S153

A total of 12,545 people aged over 25 reported that they were retired. In Outer North London almost 50 per cent of the Economically Inactive has retired. This compares with only 36 per cent in Inner London.

## **Household composition**

The Census provides data on the types of family structure and are summarised in Table 7. Three types of household are presented in this table, Single person households, Single family households and the all-encompassing 'Other' which refers mostly to unrelated people sharing. There are 22,663 households in the five regions where all members are pensioners, the lowest proportion is found in Surrey at 24 per cent and the highest proportion of all-pensioner households is in Outer North London at 35 per cent.

### One Person households

Of the 26,800 single-person Jewish households in the five regions of analysis some 14,200 or 53 per cent are pensioners living alone. About 20 per cent of all households per region are pensioners living alone with the exception of Surrey where the figure is only 12 per cent. There are 5,000 such household in Inner London and 8,200 in Outer North London.

### One Family and no other

With the exception of Inner London (where the figure is 43 per cent), about 60 per cent of Jewish households contain 'one family and no other'. Of these, 8,100 or 21 per cent are all-pensioner households. In Outer North London this group accounts for almost a quarter of such households.

### Other Households

Relatively few 'Other' households contain pensioners who are not members of a single family. In total there are 361 such households across the five regions.

**Table 7 – Household Composition**

	Outer North London	Outer South London	Inner London	Kent	Surrey
All Jewish households	40,519	3,767	23,890	829	1,412
<b>One Person</b>	<b>13,685</b>	<b>1,433</b>	<b>11,005</b>	<b>277</b>	<b>374</b>
- pensioner	8,201	671	5,001	157	174
<b>One Family and no other</b>	<b>24,427</b>	<b>2,114</b>	<b>10,261</b>	<b>498</b>	<b>955</b>
All pensioners	5,678	422	1,748	91	159
Married Couple Households	15,223	1,221	5,945	296	649
- no children	4,287	406	1,934	133	227
- all children non-dependent	2,933	200	612	30	79
Cohabiting Couple Households	1,229	224	1,426	63	84
- no children	849	146	1,123	36	62
Lone Parent Households	2,297	247	1,142	48	63
<b>Other households</b>	<b>2,407</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>2,624</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>83</b>
- all pensioners	183	11	151	5	11

Source: ONS Table S151

Note: These data are based on the religion of the household reference person

Table 7 – Household Composition by percentage

	Outer North London	Outer South London	Inner London	Kent	Surrey
One Person	33.8	38.0	46.1	33.4	26.5
- pensioner	59.9	46.8	45.4	56.7	46.5
One Family and no other	60.3	56.1	43.0	60.1	67.6
All pensioners	23.2	20.0	17.0	18.3	16.6
Married Couple Households	62.3	57.8	57.9	59.4	68.0
- no children	28.2	33.3	32.5	44.9	35.0
- all children non-dependent	19.3	16.4	10.3	10.1	12.2
Cohabiting Couple Households	5.0	10.6	13.9	12.7	8.8
- no children	69.1	65.2	78.8	57.1	73.8
Lone Parent Households	9.4	11.7	11.1	9.6	6.6
Other households	5.9	5.8	11.0	6.5	5.9
- all pensioners	7.6	5.0	5.8	9.3	13.3
Total all Pensioner households	14,062	1,104	6,900	253	344
%	34.7	29.3	28.9	30.5	24.4

Source: ONS Table S151

## Housing

Details of housing tenure are presented by the Census. Unsurprisingly, these data relate only to households and age does not appear. The data show who owns their own home (either outright or with a mortgage) and who rents (either privately or through a social scheme). These are summarised by each of the five regions in Table 8.

Appendix 3 on page 37 provides detailed breakdowns by region. Patterns of tenure tend to reflect not only the wealth of a household but also the type of housing stock that is available in an area. If the majority of stock is only rentable then obviously patterns of ownership will reflect this.

Table 8 – Home ownership for the Jewish population

	Outer North London	Outer South London	Inner London	Kent	Surrey
ALL HOUSEHOLDS	40,606	3,409	23,890	830	1,411
Owned	34,348	2,681	14,038	649	1,174
Owns outright	18,553	1,390	7,143	310	553
Owns with mortgage or loan	15,621	1,276	6,753	332	618
Shared ownership	174	15	142	7	3
Social rented	2,167	294	3,974	80	64
Other Social rented	1,187	163	1,830	37	35
Private rented	3,470	386	5,414	86	155
Private landlord or letting agency	3,142	347	5,110	74	138
Employer of a household member	22	9	32	-	6
Relative or friend of a household member	247	24	186	9	8
Other	59	6	86	3	3
Living rent free	621	48	464	15	18

Source: ONS Table S156



Table 8 – Home ownership by percentage

	Outer North London	Outer South London	Inner London	Kent	Surrey
Base	40,606	3,409	23,890	830	1,411
<b>Owned</b>	<b>84.6</b>	<b>78.6</b>	<b>58.8</b>	<b>78.2</b>	<b>83.2</b>
Owns outright	54.0	51.8	50.9	47.8	47.1
Owns with mortgage or loan	45.5	47.6	48.1	51.2	52.6
Shared ownership	0.5	0.6	1.0	1.1	0.3
<b>Social rented</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>8.6</b>	<b>16.6</b>	<b>9.6</b>	<b>4.5</b>
Other Social rented	54.8	55.4	46.0	46.3	54.7
<b>Private rented</b>	<b>8.5</b>	<b>11.3</b>	<b>22.7</b>	<b>10.4</b>	<b>11.0</b>
Private landlord or letting agency	90.5	89.9	94.4	86.0	89.0
Employer of a household member	0.6	2.3	0.6	--	3.9
Relative or friend of a household member	7.1	6.2	3.4	10.5	5.2
Other	1.7	1.6	1.6	3.5	1.9
<b>Living rent free</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>1.3</b>

Source: ONS Table S156

### Home Owned

On average over 80 per cent of Jewish households in the five regions fall into the home owned category which includes those that are mortgaged. **However Inner London, where over a third of all households in the five regions are located, stands out since only 59 per cent of households in this region own their home.**

Of those households that do own their home, about 50 per cent own it outright with the majority of the remainder owning it with the aid of a mortgage.

### Property Rented

Relatively few Jewish households live in Social rented property as a proportion of all tenure arrangements however almost 4,000 households in Inner London do (17 per cent) and this is more than all other regions combined. Regarding Private rented ownership, this is also a very substantial tenure type in Inner London, representing over 5,000 households (23 per cent) of all tenures.

## Cars

The Census distinguishes between cars and vans but in this analysis it is assumed that the majority of vehicles are in fact cars. The data for Jewish households in the five regions are summarised in Table 9 – Car ownership. Further detailed breakdowns can be seen in Appendix 3 on page 37. A summary of these tables is shown in Appendix 4 on page 43. Patterns of car ownership tend to reflect not only levels of wealth but also need – it is much easier to get around using alternative transport facilities if you live in Central London than if you live outside the Capital. Car ownership is related to tenure hence the two variables are combined by the Census in the same output table.

**Table 9 – Car ownership for the Jewish population**

	Outer North London	Outer South London	Inner London	Kent	Surrey
<i>Total population</i>	40,606	3,409	23,890	830	1,411
No cars	7,642	741	9,033	159	114
1 car	16,937	1,589	10,602	361	511
2 or more cars	16,027	1,079	4,255	310	786
<b>Percentage</b>					
No cars	18.8	21.7	37.8	19.2	8.1
1 car	41.7	46.6	44.4	43.5	36.2
2 or more cars	39.5	31.7	17.8	37.3	55.7

Source: ONS Table S156

### No cars owned

Less than 10 per cent of the 1,400 Jewish households in Surrey do not own a car. That compares with almost 40 per cent in Inner London where 9,000 Jewish household have no access to a private vehicle. **As with Social Rented housing, there are more households with no car access in Inner London than in all other regions in this analysis combined.**

### One or more cars

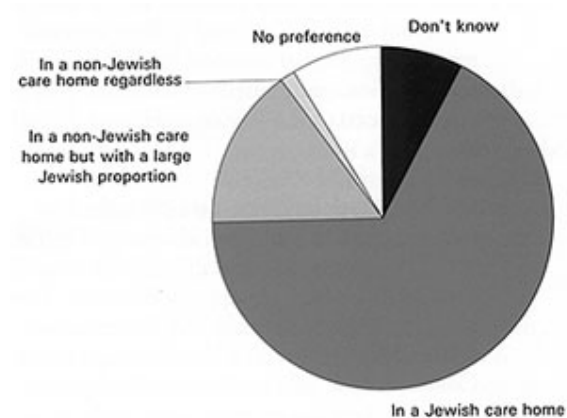
There are actually more Jewish households with two or more cars than those with a single car in Surrey. However this is unusual, since in all other regions the total is less than 47 per cent. Again it is Inner London where differences are greatest; 44 per cent of households do have access to one car but only 18 per cent have access to two or more – almost 22 points less than the levels of access in Outer North London where most households are located.

## London survey findings - care

JPR's 2001 Survey of London Jewry asked respondents about how they would most like to be cared for in old age.<sup>3</sup> Overall it was clear that respondents had a strong preference for staying in their own homes whoever provided the care, although of the near 3,000 respondents, 24 per cent stated 'nursing or residential home' as a second choice.

Respondents were asked also which type of care provider (Jewish or non-Jewish) they would prefer if they did need to be looked after in a nursing or residential home. Most (67 per cent) said they would prefer a Jewish care provider. Religious respondents were by far the most likely (96 per cent), and secular respondents the least likely (36 per cent), to voice a preference for a Jewish care provider, as the figure below shows.

Figure: Preference for future care



<sup>3</sup> [http://www.jpr.org.uk/Reports/PJC\\_Reports/no\\_4\\_2002/index.htm](http://www.jpr.org.uk/Reports/PJC_Reports/no_4_2002/index.htm)

## Conclusion

With a steadily ageing UK Jewish population, Nightingale House is right to plan for the future. Using data collected from the 2001 Census, this study has described the Jewish demographic situation in Nightingale's most important geographic markets. It has also looked at the health and some socio-economic circumstances of key Client Groups in these areas. **Simply put, Nightingale today finds itself geographically isolated from its core market – a large group of relatively wealthy people that are living longer.** Since relocating is unlikely to be a realistic option for the organisation, **the most important issue to have emerged from this review is therefore access or transportation.**

### Access and Transportation

With no alternative Jewish Homes, South London, Surrey and Kent should be looked upon by Nightingale as captive markets. But as this review shows, less than 10 per cent of Jews aged 75 and above live in these areas. Further, for the substantial market in Outer North London, alternative providers will be better positioned to serve this group's needs than a location in Wandsworth is ever likely to be. Therefore the market to which Nightingale House should concentrate its future efforts is clearly the Jewish population of Inner London.

Several issues should be considered. The quality and availability of public transport access from places such as Westminster, Camden and Kensington. The time it takes to travel to Wandsworth from these places, and whether a private, frequent shuttle service could improve on these times. On several indicators this group was seen to be slightly worse off than other regions. Focus groups should be established by Nightingale in these places to look deeper into these issues that are crucial to the future viability of the Home.

## Appendicies

### Appendix 1 – Age and Sex for the Jewish Population (page 1 of 5)

Inner London Table S103 SEX AND AGE	Camden	City of London	Hackney	Hammersmit h and Fulham	Haringey	Islington	Kensington and Chelsea	Lambeth	Lewisham	Newham	Southwark	Tower Hamlets	Wandsworth	Westminster	Total Inner London
ALL PEOPLE	11,153	224	10,732	1,312	5,724	1,846	3,550	1,211	699	481	1,011	1,831	1,691	7,732	49,199
0 to 15	1,427	3	3,879	165	1,372	214	532	135	48	57	107	76	150	821	8,987
16 to 24	887	7	1,398	86	356	177	232	106	85	39	135	148	128	524	4,309
25 to 49	4,612	61	2,627	680	2,298	996	1,456	553	332	197	430	504	645	2,462	17,853
50 to 59	1,352	38	776	149	658	191	451	122	104	72	110	269	162	1,091	5,545
60 to 64	512	16	318	45	211	56	171	54	30	21	47	83	56	455	2,075
65 to 74	957	34	643	81	370	93	337	103	47	29	84	285	110	937	4,110
75 and over	1,406	65	1,091	106	459	119	371	138	53	66	98	466	440	1,442	6,320
Males	5,352	107	5,114	637	2,740	920	1,789	590	346	237	534	917	794	3,701	23,779
0 to 15	758	-	1,934	83	661	87	296	66	29	29	58	39	78	453	4,572
16 to 24	411	7	628	46	170	80	93	47	36	17	70	64	68	244	1,981
25 to 49	2,289	28	1,314	320	1,111	523	732	285	168	103	234	282	346	1,252	8,987
50 to 59	623	23	376	86	337	90	226	59	50	38	56	139	86	515	2,704
60 to 64	233	8	166	25	103	36	92	30	15	9	32	53	25	208	1,035
65 to 74	453	15	312	41	181	50	176	47	24	13	43	161	48	473	2,037
75 and over	585	26	384	36	177	54	174	56	24	28	41	179	143	556	2,463
Females	5,801	117	5,618	675	2,984	926	1,761	621	353	244	477	914	897	4,031	25,420
0 to 15	669	3	1,945	82	711	127	236	69	19	28	49	37	72	368	4,415
16 to 24	476	-	770	40	186	97	139	59	49	22	65	84	60	280	2,328
25 to 49	2,323	33	1,313	360	1,187	473	724	268	164	94	196	222	299	1,210	8,866
50 to 59	729	15	400	63	321	101	225	63	54	34	54	130	76	576	2,841
60 to 64	279	8	152	20	108	20	79	24	15	12	15	30	31	247	1,040
65 to 74	504	19	331	40	189	43	161	56	23	16	41	124	62	464	2,073
75 and over	821	39	707	70	282	65	197	82	29	38	57	287	297	886	3,857

**Appendix 1 continued – Age and Sex for the Jewish Population (page 2 of 5)**

Total Outer North London

Table S103 SEX AND AGE	Barking and Dagenham	Barnet	Brent	Ealing	Enfield	Harrow	Havering	Hillingdon	Redbridge	Waltham Forest	Total Outer North London
ALL PEOPLE	547	46,686	6,464	1,488	5,336	13,112	1,123	1,977	14,796	1,441	92,970
0 to 15	78	10,012	523	205	624	2,026	120	307	2,086	159	16,140
16 to 24	40	4,203	524	96	478	1,158	108	130	1,402	70	8,209
25 to 49	242	14,889	1,752	529	1,526	3,575	377	579	4,137	564	28,170
50 to 59	75	5,970	1,037	222	795	2,187	221	346	2,327	182	13,362
60 to 64	10	2,027	334	68	366	745	58	143	858	90	4,699
65 to 74	56	4,102	907	143	720	1,504	107	259	1,913	162	9,873
75 and over	46	5,483	1,387	225	827	1,917	132	213	2,073	214	12,517
Males	276	22,149	2,939	697	2,535	6,123	540	942	6,843	676	43,720
0 to 15	41	5,138	259	96	324	1,070	65	158	1,043	82	8,276
16 to 24	19	2,018	285	50	239	573	60	65	757	28	4,094
25 to 49	116	7,270	877	247	766	1,663	176	277	1,899	289	13,580
50 to 59	44	2,831	478	106	373	1,011	108	155	1,062	79	6,247
60 to 64	7	921	136	43	162	354	26	59	398	42	2,148
65 to 74	30	1,967	401	67	332	713	50	125	859	82	4,626
75 and over	19	2,004	503	88	339	739	55	103	825	74	4,749
Females	271	24,537	3,525	791	2,801	6,989	583	1,035	7,953	765	49,250
0 to 15	37	4,874	264	109	300	956	55	149	1,043	77	7,864
16 to 24	21	2,185	239	46	239	585	48	65	645	42	4,115
25 to 49	126	7,619	875	282	760	1,912	201	302	2,238	275	14,590
50 to 59	31	3,139	559	116	422	1,176	113	191	1,265	103	7,115
60 to 64	3	1,106	198	25	204	391	32	84	460	48	2,551
65 to 74	26	2,135	506	76	388	791	57	134	1,054	80	5,247
75 and over	27	3,479	884	137	488	1,178	77	110	1,248	140	7,768

**Appendix 1 continued – Age and Sex for the Jewish Population (page 3 of 5)**

Outer South London

Table S103 SEX AND AGE	Bexley	Bromley	Croydon	Greenwich	Hounslow	Kingston upon Thames	Merton	Richmond upon Thames	Sutton	Total Outer South London
ALL PEOPLE	288	1,098	999	464	684	999	882	1,576	630	7,620
0 to 15	39	149	129	60	82	137	126	218	68	1,008
16 to 24	20	93	59	46	52	76	69	81	49	545
25 to 49	110	354	371	181	289	325	312	574	181	2,697
50 to 59	42	165	154	75	113	169	120	235	112	1,185
60 to 64	16	76	64	17	33	42	48	100	29	425
65 to 74	30	130	103	43	48	102	101	159	81	797
75 and over	31	131	119	42	67	148	106	209	110	963
<b>Males</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>524</b>	<b>480</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>333</b>	<b>477</b>	<b>408</b>	<b>779</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>3,652</b>
0 to 15	17	75	61	31	39	75	61	125	34	518
16 to 24	8	47	24	17	26	39	25	46	23	255
25 to 49	48	171	188	85	141	158	157	283	84	1,315
50 to 59	21	78	75	36	52	77	52	111	61	563
60 to 64	8	35	30	7	20	20	24	43	17	204
65 to 74	18	63	55	24	22	47	51	82	34	396
75 and over	17	55	47	14	33	61	38	89	47	401
<b>Females</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>574</b>	<b>519</b>	<b>250</b>	<b>351</b>	<b>522</b>	<b>474</b>	<b>797</b>	<b>330</b>	<b>3,968</b>
0 to 15	22	74	68	29	43	62	65	93	34	490
16 to 24	12	46	35	29	26	37	44	35	26	290
25 to 49	62	183	183	96	148	167	155	291	97	1,382
50 to 59	21	87	79	39	61	92	68	124	51	622
60 to 64	8	41	34	10	13	22	24	57	12	221
65 to 74	12	67	48	19	26	55	50	77	47	401
75 and over	14	76	72	28	34	87	68	120	63	562

**Appendix 1 continued – Age and Sex for the Jewish Population (page 4 of 5)**

Kent													
Table S103 SEX AND AGE	Ashford	Canterbury	Dartford	Dover	Gravesham	Maidstone	Sevenoaks	Shepway	Swale	Thanet	Tonbridge and Malling	Tunbridge Wells	Total Kent
ALL PEOPLE	125	222	61	76	56	166	163	107	104	306	125	177	1,683
0 to 15	16	19	7	8	10	19	34	3	21	24	21	24	206
16 to 24	6	44	7	3	6	17	15	3	3	15	8	10	134
25 to 49	52	48	27	23	16	61	67	29	37	70	52	67	549
50 to 59	29	42	8	16	10	27	16	27	14	55	26	33	305
60 to 64	6	11	7	9	3	8	10	6	10	17	3	6	90
65 to 74	6	27 -		7	6	14	12	15	8	51	8	18	170
75 and over	10	31	5	10	5	20	9	24	11	74	7	19	229
<b>Males</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>858</b>
0 to 15	11	10	3	4	5	12	17	3	11	19	8	7	109
16 to 24	3	21	4	3	3	10	12	3	3	7	5	3	73
25 to 49	26	26	13	13	10	31	31	14	25	40	27	25	281
50 to 59	17	17	4	12 -		16	10	11	9	29	16	20	163
60 to 64	3	4	4	6	3	4	6	3	6	7	3	3	47
65 to 74	3	13 -		7	3	6	5	8	5	21	3	11	84
75 and over	4	18	5	3 -		9	6	9	7	31 -		6	101
<b>Females</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>825</b>
0 to 15	5	9	4	4	5	7	17 -		10	5	13	17	97
16 to 24	3	23	3 -		3	7	3 -	-		8	3	7	61
25 to 49	26	22	14	10	6	30	36	15	12	30	25	42	268
50 to 59	12	25	4	4	10	11	6	16	5	26	10	13	142
60 to 64	3	7	3	3 -		4	4	3	4	10 -		3	43
65 to 74	3	14 -	-		3	8	7	7	3	30	5	7	86
75 and over	6	13 -		7	5	11	3	15	4	43	7	13	128



Appendix 1 continued – Age and Sex for the Jewish Population (page 5 of 5)

**Surrey**

Table S103 SEX AND AGE	Elmbridge and Ewell	Epsom and Ewell	Guildford	Mole Valley	Reigate and Banstead	Runnymede	Spelthorne	Surrey Heath	Tandridge	Waverley	Woking	Total Surrey
ALL PEOPLE	936	235	283	204	319	256	220	148	172	224	233	3,229
0 to 15	182	27	24	34	51	29	11	23	31	26	49	487
16 to 24	54	20	37	12	17	52	17	6	10	27	12	264
25 to 49	308	79	109	68	111	75	71	52	59	83	88	1,103
50 to 59	163	45	40	39	61	43	39	34	24	37	39	564
60 to 64	62	21	17	16	23	13	17	6	14	14	9	211
65 to 74	83	21	30	16	25	22	34	15	15	19	22	302
75 and over	84	22	26	19	31	22	31	12	19	18	14	298
<b>Males</b>	<b>463</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>1,595</b>
0 to 15	98	14	11	20	22	17	5	12	15	14	28	256
16 to 24	26	12	22	4	8	22	12	3	6	18	9	142
25 to 49	139	40	62	25	52	28	35	23	29	42	40	515
50 to 59	83	23	15	23	31	22	20	20	13	14	18	282
60 to 64	30	9	12	6	11	9	9	3	8	8	6	111
65 to 74	49	10	18	4	10	13	16	6	5	13	9	153
75 and over	38	10	9	10	15	8	13	5	10	9	9	136
<b>Females</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>117</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>1,634</b>
0 to 15	84	13	13	14	29	12	6	11	16	12	21	231
16 to 24	28	8	15	8	9	30	5	3	4	9	3	122
25 to 49	169	39	47	43	59	47	36	29	30	41	48	588
50 to 59	80	22	25	16	30	21	19	14	11	23	21	282
60 to 64	32	12	5	10	12	4	8	3	6	6	3	100
65 to 74	34	11	12	12	15	9	18	9	10	6	13	149
75 and over	46	12	17	9	16	14	18	7	9	9	5	162

Appendix 2 – Health data for the Jewish population (S152) (1 of 5)

All	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over
Inner London	With Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	With Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health
Inner London	1,512	757	755	6,108	5,973	135	5,508	2,753	2,755	4,922	4,662	260
Camden	251	132	119	1,613	1,579	34	1,153	658	495	1,210	1,154	56
City of London	16	10	6	40	40	-	53	26	27	46	41	5
Hackney	344	171	173	750	720	30	1,112	509	603	622	587	35
Hammersmith and Fulham	39	20	19	155	152	3	92	50	42	95	92	3
Haringey	162	90	72	707	700	7	404	190	214	425	398	27
Islington	55	24	31	195	189	6	116	49	67	98	90	8
Kensington and Chelsea	65	33	32	555	549	6	276	171	105	432	418	14
Lambeth	54	20	34	123	116	7	133	68	65	106	102	4
Lewisham	30	14	16	106	103	3	59	28	31	39	39	-
Newham	43	12	31	49	49	-	78	39	39	19	16	3
Southwark	39	23	16	120	114	6	76	42	34	105	102	3
Tower Hamlets	150	64	86	202	195	7	473	173	300	278	247	31
Wandsworth	38	17	21	180	177	3	405	184	221	144	140	4
Westminster	228	127	101	1,318	1,290	28	1,078	566	512	1,301	1,236	65
Males	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over
Inner London	With Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	With Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health
Inner London	728	356	372	3,011	2,943	68	2,152	1,080	1,072	2,348	2,233	115
Camden	109	55	54	747	728	19	471	255	216	567	541	26
City of London	7	4	3	26	26	-	27	11	16	14	14	-
Hackney	193	98	95	349	340	9	404	173	231	292	276	16
Hammersmith and Fulham	23	13	10	88	88	-	34	17	17	44	41	3
Haringey	74	37	37	366	359	7	153	75	78	205	196	9
Islington	21	7	14	107	104	3	54	26	28	52	49	3
Kensington and Chelsea	30	12	18	288	282	6	130	82	48	220	214	6
Lambeth	28	7	21	61	57	4	54	28	26	47	47	-
Lewisham	13	6	7	52	52	-	31	16	15	17	17	-
Newham	19	6	13	27	27	-	34	17	17	7	7	-
Southwark	27	19	8	61	58	3	36	22	14	46	46	-
Tower Hamlets	72	32	40	120	116	4	204	84	120	136	121	15
Wandsworth	21	9	12	91	88	3	123	63	60	67	67	-
Westminster	93	51	42	630	618	12	397	211	186	632	597	35
Females	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over
Inner London	With Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	With Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health
Inner London	784	401	383	3,097	3,030	67	3,356	1,673	1,683	2,574	2,429	145
Camden	142	77	65	866	851	15	682	403	279	643	613	30
City of London	9	6	3	14	14	-	26	15	11	32	27	5
Hackney	151	73	78	401	380	21	708	336	372	330	311	19
Hammersmith and Fulham	16	7	9	67	64	3	58	33	25	51	51	-
Haringey	88	53	35	341	341	-	251	115	136	220	202	18
Islington	34	17	17	88	85	3	62	23	39	46	41	5
Kensington and Chelsea	35	21	14	267	267	-	146	89	57	212	204	8
Lambeth	26	13	13	62	59	3	79	40	39	59	55	4
Lewisham	17	8	9	54	51	3	28	12	16	22	22	-
Newham	24	6	18	22	22	-	44	22	22	12	9	3
Southwark	12	4	8	59	56	3	40	20	20	59	56	3
Tower Hamlets	78	32	46	82	79	3	269	89	180	142	126	16
Wandsworth	17	8	9	89	89	-	282	121	161	77	73	4
Westminster	135	76	59	688	672	16	681	355	326	669	639	30

Appendix 2 - Health data for the Jewish population (S152) (2 of 5)

All	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over
Outer London North	With Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	With Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good health	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health
Outer North	3,082	1,723	1359	14,975	14,626	349	10,986	6,056	4,930	11,409	10,941	468
Barking and Dagenham	25	13	12	62	59	3	64	27	37	38	35	3
Barnet	1,187	707	480	6,810	6,666	144	4,612	2,552	2,060	4,973	4,785	188
Brent	277	154	123	1,094	1,069	25	1,159	641	518	1,135	1,079	56
Ealing	57	23	34	231	225	6	170	97	73	199	191	8
Enfield	187	94	93	974	954	20	715	404	311	832	791	41
Harrow	409	245	164	2,523	2,461	62	1,511	829	682	1,910	1,845	65
Havering	75	35	40	201	201	-	146	70	76	96	90	6
Hillingdon	67	42	25	421	418	3	186	116	70	287	280	7
Redbridge	704	370	334	2,481	2,408	73	2,200	1,199	1,001	1,786	1,701	85
Waltham Forest	94	40	54	178	165	13	223	121	102	153	144	9
Males	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over
	With Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	With Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health
Outer North	1356	784	572	7,037	6,880	157	4,214	2,373	1,841	5,166	4,957	209
Barking and Dagenham	17	10	7	36	33	3	28	13	15	22	19	3
Barnet	540	322	218	3,212	3,152	60	1,682	936	746	2,289	2,199	90
Brent	115	64	51	499	490	9	427	252	175	477	458	19
Ealing	34	18	16	113	113	-	68	41	27	88	85	3
Enfield	76	39	37	459	453	6	292	162	130	379	358	21
Harrow	179	112	67	1,186	1,153	33	609	347	262	843	820	23
Havering	29	15	14	104	104	-	57	31	26	50	47	3
Hillingdon	26	19	7	187	187	-	93	58	35	136	133	3
Redbridge	295	165	130	1,165	1,125	40	872	489	383	812	774	38
Waltham Forest	45	20	25	76	70	6	86	44	42	70	64	6
Females	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over
	With Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	With Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health
Outer North	1726	939	787	7,938	7,746	192	6,772	3,683	3,089	6,243	5,984	259
Barking and Dagenham	8	3	5	26	26	-	36	14	22	16	16	-
Barnet	647	385	262	3,598	3,514	84	2,930	1,616	1,314	2,684	2,586	98
Brent	162	90	72	595	579	16	732	389	343	658	621	37
Ealing	23	5	18	118	112	6	102	56	46	111	106	5
Enfield	111	55	56	515	501	14	423	242	181	453	433	20
Harrow	230	133	97	1,337	1,308	29	902	482	420	1,067	1,025	42
Havering	46	20	26	97	97	-	89	39	50	46	43	3
Hillingdon	41	23	18	234	231	3	93	58	35	151	147	4
Redbridge	409	205	204	1,316	1,283	33	1,328	710	618	974	927	47
Waltham Forest	49	20	29	102	95	7	137	77	60	83	80	3

Appendix 2 - Health data for the Jewish population (S152) (3 of 5)

All	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over
Outer London South	With Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	With limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good health	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health
Outer South	318	168	150	1295	1259	36	809	466	343	950	925	25
Bexley	20	10	10	40	37	3	31	23	8	29	29	-
Bromley	51	28	23	191	184	7	119	71	48	142	139	3
Croydon	61	26	35	155	152	3	98	50	48	125	122	3
Greenwich	23	10	13	69	66	3	48	26	22	36	36	-
Hounslow	35	17	18	108	108	-	62	25	37	54	51	3
Kingston upon Thames	24	12	12	189	186	3	108	62	46	141	141	-
Merton	26	11	15	142	138	4	93	58	35	114	110	4
Richmond upon Thames	55	39	16	280	273	7	164	100	64	204	196	8
Sutton	23	15	8	121	115	6	86	51	35	105	101	4
Males	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over
Outer South	152	87	65	616	600	16	340	205	135	455	444	11
Bexley	9	6	3	22	19	3	16	12	4	19	19	-
Bromley	23	11	12	90	86	4	49	30	19	70	67	3
Croydon	34	16	18	71	68	3	45	18	27	56	56	-
Greenwich	9	6	3	33	33	-	20	12	8	18	18	-
Hounslow	17	9	8	53	53	-	35	16	19	19	19	-
Kingston upon Thames	6	3	3	91	91	-	45	28	17	62	62	-
Merton	13	5	8	63	63	-	31	25	6	58	54	4
Richmond upon Thames	28	21	7	126	123	3	64	43	21	107	103	4
Sutton	13	10	3	67	64	3	35	21	14	46	46	-
Females	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over
Outer South	166	81	85	679	659	20	469	261	208	495	481	14
Bexley	11	4	7	18	18	-	15	11	4	10	10	-
Bromley	28	17	11	101	98	3	70	41	29	72	72	-
Croydon	27	10	17	84	84	-	53	32	21	69	66	3
Greenwich	14	4	10	36	33	3	28	14	14	18	18	-
Hounslow	18	8	10	55	55	-	27	9	18	35	32	3
Kingston upon Thames	18	9	9	98	95	3	63	34	29	79	79	-
Merton	13	6	7	79	75	4	62	33	29	56	56	-
Richmond upon Thames	27	18	9	154	150	4	100	57	43	97	93	4
Sutton	10	5	5	54	51	3	51	30	21	59	55	4

Appendix 2 - Health data for the Jewish population (S152) (4 of 5)

All	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over
<b>Surrey</b>	With Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	With limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good health	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health
Surrey	134	80	54	641	630	11	250	146	104	350	338	12
Elmbridge	24	15	9	201	201	-	65	41	24	102	102	-
Epsom and Ewell	11	7	4	54	54	-	18	6	12	24	21	3
Guildford	13	7	6	47	47	-	27	17	10	32	29	3
Mole Valley	13	6	7	42	39	3	18	12	6	18	18	-
Reigate and Banstead	21	13	8	64	61	3	25	16	9	31	31	-
Runnymede	12	3	9	43	43	-	17	8	9	27	24	3
Spelthorne	11	8	3	46	43	3	30	17	13	35	35	-
Surrey Heath	3	-	3	35	35	-	12	6	6	17	14	3
Tandridge	10	7	3	32	29	3	14	10	4	19	19	-
Waverley	6	3	3	44	44	-	18	9	9	18	18	-
Woking	10	10	-	34	34	-	9	3	6	30	27	3
Males	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over
	With Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	With Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health
Surrey	59	39	20	334	329	5	100	59	41	189	184	5
Elmbridge	14	9	5	99	99	-	29	22	7	58	58	-
Epsom and Ewell	3	3	-	28	28	-	8	-	8	10	10	-
Guildford	6	3	3	23	23	-	10	7	3	20	17	3
Mole Valley	3	3	-	27	24	3	7	4	3	8	8	-
Reigate and Banstead	11	6	5	30	30	-	8	4	4	17	17	-
Runnymede	3	-	3	27	27	-	6	3	3	15	15	-
Spelthorne	4	4	-	24	24	-	13	7	6	16	16	-
Surrey Heath	-	-	-	21	21	-	3	3	-	11	8	3
Tandridge	7	4	3	16	16	-	4	4	-	10	10	-
Waverley	3	3	-	19	19	-	9	3	6	11	11	-
Woking	4	4	-	18	18	-	3	-	3	14	14	-
Females	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over
	With Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	With Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health
Surrey	75	41	34	307	301	6	150	87	63	161	154	7
Elmbridge	10	6	4	102	102	-	36	19	17	44	44	-
Epsom and Ewell	8	4	4	26	26	-	10	6	4	14	11	3
Guildford	7	4	3	24	24	-	17	10	7	12	12	-
Mole Valley	10	3	7	15	15	-	11	8	3	10	10	-
Reigate and Banstead	10	7	3	34	31	3	17	12	5	14	14	-
Runnymede	9	3	6	16	16	-	11	5	6	12	9	3
Spelthorne	7	4	3	22	19	3	17	10	7	19	19	-
Surrey Heath	3	-	3	14	14	-	9	3	6	6	6	-
Tandridge	3	3	-	16	13	3	10	6	4	9	9	-
Waverley	3	-	3	25	25	-	9	6	3	7	7	-
Woking	6	6	-	16	16	-	6	3	3	16	13	3

Appendix 2 - Health data for the Jewish population (S152) (5 of 5)

All	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over
<b>Kent</b>	With Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	With Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good health	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health
Kent County	88	50	38	307	290	17	220	132	88	179	168	11
Ashford	3	3	-	28	28	-	10	7	3	7	7	-
Canterbury	15	9	6	45	42	3	31	19	12	26	26	-
Dartford	3	-	3	9	9	-	9	6	3	-	-	-
Dover	10	7	3	16	13	3	11	8	3	8	5	3
Gravesham	3	3	-	10	10	-	6	3	3	5	5	-
Maidstone	6	6	-	29	26	3	19	10	9	15	15	-
Sevenoaks	3	3	-	21	21	-	12	6	6	12	12	-
Shepway	12	6	6	22	22	-	20	10	10	18	18	-
Swale	12	6	6	15	15	-	10	10	-	8	5	3
Thanet	20	7	13	53	45	8	76	47	29	48	45	3
Tonbridge and Malling	3	-	3	26	26	-	9	5	4	6	6	-
Tunbridge Wells	6	6	-	33	33	-	15	6	9	21	18	3
<b>Males</b>	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over
	With Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	With Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health
Kent County	41	23	18	169	160	9	97	58	39	88	83	5
Ashford	-	-	-	17	17	-	3	3	-	4	4	-
Canterbury	6	3	3	19	19	-	15	10	5	16	16	-
Dartford	-	-	-	6	6	-	6	3	3	-	-	-
Dover	7	7	-	10	7	3	6	3	3	8	5	3
Gravesham	-	-	-	3	3	-	6	3	3	-	-	-
Maidstone	3	3	-	18	15	3	8	4	4	7	7	-
Sevenoaks	3	3	-	14	14	-	6	3	3	7	7	-
Shepway	6	3	3	7	7	-	9	5	4	8	8	-
Swale	6	3	3	11	11	-	7	7	-	5	5	-
Thanet	12	4	8	25	22	3	35	21	14	18	15	3
Tonbridge and Malling	-	-	-	18	18	-	-	-	-	3	3	-
Tunbridge Wells	3	3	-	21	21	-	4	-	4	10	10	-
<b>Females</b>	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	50 to 64	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over	65 and over
	With Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	With Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health	Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	Good or Fairly Good Health	Not Good Health
Kent County	47	27	20	138	130	8	123	74	49	91	85	6
Ashford	3	3	-	11	11	-	7	4	3	3	3	-
Canterbury	9	6	3	26	23	3	16	9	7	10	10	-
Dartford	3	-	3	3	3	-	3	3	-	-	-	-
Dover	3	-	3	6	6	-	5	5	-	-	-	-
Gravesham	3	3	-	7	7	-	-	-	-	5	5	-
Maidstone	3	3	-	11	11	-	11	6	5	8	8	-
Sevenoaks	-	-	-	7	7	-	6	3	3	5	5	-
Shepway	6	3	3	15	15	-	11	5	6	10	10	-
Swale	6	3	3	4	4	-	3	3	-	3	-	3
Thanet	8	3	5	28	23	5	41	26	15	30	30	-
Tonbridge and Malling	3	-	3	8	8	-	9	5	4	3	3	-
Tunbridge Wells	3	3	-	12	12	-	11	6	5	11	8	3

**Appendix 3 – Home and car ownership for the Jewish Population by LAD (1 of 5)**

<b>Outer London North</b>	Waltham Forest	Redbridge	Hounslow	Hillingdon	Havering	Harrow	Enfield	Ealing	Brent	Barnet	Barking and Dagenham	Total Outer North
<b>ALL HOUSEHOLDS</b>	<b>762</b>	<b>6,485</b>	<b>381</b>	<b>887</b>	<b>514</b>	<b>5,730</b>	<b>2,539</b>	<b>765</b>	<b>3,332</b>	<b>18,923</b>	<b>288</b>	<b>40606</b>
No cars	287	1,476	96	96	117	917	470	193	982	2,916	92	7642
1 car	323	2,804	183	373	218	2,093	1,113	355	1,462	7,876	137	16937
2 cars or more	152	2,205	102	418	179	2,720	956	217	888	8,131	59	16027
<b>Owned</b>	<b>550</b>	<b>5,578</b>	<b>251</b>	<b>806</b>	<b>429</b>	<b>5,130</b>	<b>2,203</b>	<b>606</b>	<b>2,644</b>	<b>15,957</b>	<b>194</b>	<b>34348</b>
<b>Owns outright</b>	<b>261</b>	<b>2,866</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>459</b>	<b>182</b>	<b>2,900</b>	<b>1,289</b>	<b>319</b>	<b>1,720</b>	<b>8,376</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>18553</b>
No cars	114	778	26	58	52	541	274	80	476	1,476	19	3894
1 car	100	1,363	59	209	82	1,248	633	155	802	3,679	30	8360
2 cars or more	47	725	34	192	48	1,111	382	84	442	3,221	13	6299
<b>Owns with mortgage or loan</b>	<b>286</b>	<b>2,686</b>	<b>132</b>	<b>347</b>	<b>247</b>	<b>2,211</b>	<b>898</b>	<b>274</b>	<b>901</b>	<b>7,507</b>	<b>132</b>	<b>15621</b>
No cars	48	198	11	7	11	77	47	28	92	281	18	818
1 car	145	1,102	68	129	110	629	348	131	421	2,860	75	6018
2 cars or more	93	1,386	53	211	126	1,505	503	115	388	4,366	39	8785
<b>Shared ownership</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>26</b>	-	-	-	<b>19</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>74</b>	-	<b>174</b>
No cars	-	8	-	-	-	7	3	5	8	11	-	42
1 car	3	8	-	-	-	9	3	5	12	43	-	83
2 cars or more	-	10	-	-	-	3	10	3	3	20	-	49
<b>Social rented</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>421</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>306</b>	<b>696</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>2167</b>
<b>Rented from council</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>191</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>271</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>980</b>
No cars	50	117	23	10	35	56	41	16	55	170	35	608
1 car	20	62	14	5	11	31	33	4	22	91	17	310
2 cars or more	8	12	3	-	5	4	8	-	5	10	7	62
<b>Other Social rented</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>224</b>	<b>425</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>1187</b>
No cars	33	171	7	9	5	106	25	28	162	291	3	840
1 car	24	51	3	3	-	29	7	8	56	111	4	296
2 cars or more	4	8	3	3	-	4	-	-	6	23	-	51
<b>Private rented</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>378</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>191</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>326</b>	<b>1,976</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>3470</b>
<b>Private landlord or letting agent</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>344</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>257</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>281</b>	<b>1,815</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>3142</b>
No cars	26	117	25	5	8	77	53	27	140	517	14	1009
1 car	19	166	30	22	12	108	73	49	111	883	11	1484
2 cars or more	-	61	9	9	-	72	41	12	30	415	-	649
<b>Employer of a household member</b>	<b>3</b>	-	<b>3</b>	-	-	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	-	<b>3</b>	<b>7</b>	-	<b>22</b>
No cars	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
1 car	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	12
2 cars or more	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	-	4	-	10
<b>Relative or friend of a household member</b>	-	<b>20</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	-	<b>25</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>135</b>	-	<b>247</b>
No cars	-	10	-	3	-	7	6	3	14	37	-	80
1 car	-	10	3	-	-	12	8	3	16	67	-	119
2 cars or more	-	-	-	-	-	6	4	3	4	31	-	48
<b>Other</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>14</b>	-	-	<b>3</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>3</b>	-	<b>8</b>	<b>19</b>	-	<b>59</b>
No cars	3	6	-	-	3	3	3	-	3	6	-	27
1 car	-	8	-	-	-	3	-	-	5	9	-	25
2 cars or more	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	4	-	7
<b>Living rent free</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>621</b>
No cars	13	71	4	4	3	43	18	6	32	127	3	324
1 car	9	34	3	5	3	24	8	-	14	130	-	230
2 cars or more	-	3	-	3	-	9	5	-	10	37	-	67

Appendix 3 – Home and car ownership for the Jewish Population by LAD (2 of 5)

<b>Outer South London</b>	Sutton	Richmond upon Thames	Merton	Kingston upon Thames	Greenwich	Croydon	Bromley	Bexley	Total South
<b>ALL HOUSEHOLDS</b>	<b>313</b>	<b>804</b>	<b>442</b>	<b>469</b>	<b>235</b>	<b>492</b>	<b>526</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>3409</b>
No cars	64	144	96	93	74	149	89	32	741
1 car	131	409	211	192	119	224	239	64	1589
2 cars or more	118	251	135	184	42	119	198	32	1079
<b>Owned</b>	<b>253</b>	<b>637</b>	<b>354</b>	<b>405</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>364</b>	<b>427</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>2681</b>
<b>Owens outright</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>366</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>213</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>208</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>1390</b>
No cars	30	77	37	41	18	46	40	11	300
1 car	61	175	88	72	33	81	97	23	630
2 cars or more	53	114	65	100	12	40	71	5	460
<b>Owens with mortgage or loan</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>265</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>192</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>188</b>	<b>219</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>1276</b>
No cars	7	16	17	19	13	32	14	3	121
1 car	48	134	89	92	48	83	85	30	609
2 cars or more	54	115	58	81	21	73	120	24	546
<b>Shared ownership</b>	-	<b>6</b>	-	-	-	<b>9</b>	-	-	<b>15</b>
No cars	-	3	-	-	-	5	-	-	8
1 car	-	3	-	-	-	4	-	-	7
2 cars or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
<b>Social rented</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>294</b>
<b>Rented from council</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>131</b>
No cars	4	6	9	18	24	11	-	4	76
1 car	9	3	3	3	13	13	3	-	47
2 cars or more	-	3	-	-	5	-	-	-	8
<b>Other Social rented</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>163</b>
No cars	7	18	8	3	6	17	24	9	92
1 car	3	9	-	3	9	16	17	7	64
2 cars or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	3	7
<b>Private rented</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>386</b>
<b>Private landlord or letting agent</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>347</b>
No cars	8	18	19	9	13	33	5	5	110
1 car	4	75	22	19	16	21	30	4	191
2 cars or more	5	16	12	-	4	6	3	-	46
<b>Employer of a household member</b>	<b>6</b>	-	<b>3</b>	-	-	-	-	-	<b>9</b>
No cars	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
1 car	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	6
2 cars or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
<b>Relative or friend of a household member</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>	-	-	<b>3</b>	<b>6</b>	-	<b>24</b>
No cars	-	3	3	-	-	-	3	-	9
1 car	-	3	3	-	-	3	3	-	12
2 cars or more	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
<b>Other</b>	-	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	-	-	-	-	-	<b>6</b>
No cars	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
1 car	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	3
2 cars or more	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
<b>Living rent free</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>9</b>	-	<b>8</b>	<b>7</b>	-	<b>48</b>
No cars	5	3	3	3	-	5	3	-	22
1 car	3	7	-	3	-	3	4	-	20
2 cars or more	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	6



Appendix 3 – Home and car ownership for the Jewish Population by LAD (3 of 5)

Inner London	Wandsworth	Southwark	Lewisham	Kensington and Chelsea	Haringey	Hackney	City of London	Camden	Westminster	Tower Hamlets	Newham	Lambeth	Islington	Hammersmith and Fulham
<b>ALL HOUSEHOLDS</b>	<b>740</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>384</b>	<b>1,871</b>	<b>2,480</b>	<b>3,666</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>5,776</b>	<b>4,449</b>	<b>1,239</b>	<b>262</b>	<b>671</b>	<b>1,012</b>	<b>717</b>
No cars	227	174	119	695	550	2,042	98	1,557	1,640	846	137	309	402	232
1 car	359	215	191	827	1,234	1,402	57	2,860	1,944	321	100	274	471	357
2 cars or more	154	84	74	349	696	222	6	1,359	865	72	25	88	139	128
<b>Owned</b>	<b>515</b>	<b>265</b>	<b>246</b>	<b>1,131</b>	<b>1,918</b>	<b>1,389</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>3,959</b>	<b>2,606</b>	<b>349</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>387</b>	<b>594</b>	<b>480</b>
<b>Owns outright</b>	<b>255</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>744</b>	<b>812</b>	<b>665</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>2,112</b>	<b>1,542</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>220</b>
No cars	54	26	25	214	147	295	10	416	436	62	30	41	44	48
1 car	132	63	53	353	380	301	23	1,027	688	62	14	88	111	116
2 cars or more	69	33	25	177	285	69	-	669	418	18	5	28	31	56
<b>Owns with mortgage or loan</b>	<b>257</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>138</b>	<b>381</b>	<b>1,102</b>	<b>688</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>1,825</b>	<b>1,046</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>221</b>	<b>397</b>	<b>247</b>
No cars	39	27	27	68	115	164	19	230	165	64	23	58	77	40
1 car	148	80	74	206	616	434	18	1,090	580	95	45	112	245	152
2 cars or more	70	36	37	107	371	90	-	505	301	31	11	51	75	55
<b>Shared ownership</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>13</b>
No cars	-	-	5	-	-	18	-	9	8	9	-	3	5	7
1 car	3	-	-	3	4	18	-	9	10	8	-	3	3	3
2 cars or more	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	3	3	3
<b>Social rented</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>180</b>	<b>1,263</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>433</b>	<b>410</b>	<b>711</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>211</b>	<b>77</b>
<b>Rented from council</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>544</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>260</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>529</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>123</b>	<b>45</b>
No cars	32	70	30	34	58	434	52	177	117	440	28	49	87	38
1 car	8	18	16	9	24	97	10	77	34	78	13	17	36	7
2 cars or more	-	4	3	-	3	13	6	6	3	11	3	6	-	-
<b>Other Social rented</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>104</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>719</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>256</b>	<b>182</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>32</b>
No cars	20	15	12	77	63	505	8	123	178	151	19	51	61	21
1 car	5	15	9	24	28	194	-	43	71	24	8	13	21	11
2 cars or more	-	3	3	3	4	20	-	7	7	7	3	-	6	-
<b>Private rented</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>540</b>	<b>343</b>	<b>971</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>1,267</b>	<b>1,314</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>141</b>	<b>195</b>	<b>152</b>
<b>Private landlord or letting agent</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>526</b>	<b>317</b>	<b>922</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>1,163</b>	<b>1,257</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>143</b>
No cars	70	27	20	282	132	575	9	508	650	83	26	100	116	72
1 car	57	36	36	197	158	323	3	514	483	43	14	34	52	60
2 cars or more	15	8	6	47	27	24	-	141	124	5	-	-	21	11
<b>Employer of a household member</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
No cars	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	9	-	-	-	-	-
1 car	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	6	-	-	-	-	-
2 cars or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Relative or friend of a household member</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>
No cars	3	3	-	-	10	15	-	29	13	4	3	-	3	3
1 car	-	-	-	8	10	20	-	28	11	3	3	-	3	3
2 cars or more	-	-	-	3	-	3	-	6	4	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Other</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3</b>
No cars	3	3	-	-	3	8	-	16	6	4	3	4	-	-
1 car	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	10	8	-	-	3	-	-
2 cars or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	3
<b>Living rent free</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>117</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>8</b>
No cars	6	3	-	20	22	28	-	46	58	29	5	3	9	3
1 car	6	3	3	24	11	12	3	59	53	8	3	4	-	5
2 cars or more	-	-	-	9	6	3	-	12	8	-	3	-	3	-

Appendix 3 – Home and car ownership for the Jewish Population by LAD (4 of 5)

Kent	Tonbridge and Malling	Swale	Sevenoaks	Gravesham	Dartford	Canterbury	Ashford	Tunbridge Wells	Thanet	Shepway	Maidstone	Dover	Kent	
<b>ALL HOUSEHOLDS</b>		57	48	67	25	27	107	55	82	164	60	74	46	830
No cars		6	9		9	3	20	8	17	48	16	12	9	159
1 car		19	21	23	8	16	63	21	30	81	26	30	23	361
2 cars or more		32	18	44	8	8	24	26	35	35	18	32	14	310
<b>Owned</b>		51	42	64	19	24	81	43	61	126	38	57	31	649
<b>Owns outright</b>		18	18	24	7	4	47	19	30	81	24	21	13	310
No cars	-		3	-	-	-	5	5	9	23	6	5	-	59
1 car		10	8	11	4	4	33	6	7	45	12	10	10	160
2 cars or more		8	7	13	3	-	9	8	14	13	6	6	3	91
<b>Owns with mortgage or loan</b>		33	24	40	12	20	34	24	31	45	14	36	18	332
No cars	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	-	-	7	-	-	-	17
1 car		9	13	12	4	9	20	10	10	16	5	10	10	128
2 cars or more		24	11	28	5	8	11	14	21	22	9	26	8	187
<b>Shared ownership</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7
No cars	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1 car	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
2 cars or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
<b>Social rented</b>		3	3	3	6	-	6	3	8	21	9	7	6	80
<b>Rented from council</b>	-	-	-	-	3	-	6	3	-	8	6	7	-	43
No cars	-	-	-	-	3	-	6	3	-	3	3	4	-	24
1 car	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	3	3	-	16
2 cars or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
<b>Other Social rented</b>		3	3	3	3	-	-	-	8	13	3	-	6	37
No cars		3	3	-	3	-	-	-	5	10	3	-	3	26
1 car	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	-	3	6
2 cars or more	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
<b>Private rented</b>	-	-	-	-	3	17	9	13	14	13	7	9	9	86
<b>Private landlord or letting ag</b>	-	-	-	-	3	17	9	10	11	10	7	6	6	74
No cars	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	3	5	4	3	3	3	22
1 car	-	-	-	-	3	7	5	7	6	3	4	-	-	37
2 cars or more	-	-	-	-	-	4	4	-	-	3	-	3	3	15
<b>Employer of a household me</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-
No cars	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
1 car	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-
2 cars or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Relative or friend of a house</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	-	-	9
No cars	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
1 car	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	-	-	3
2 cars or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
<b>Other</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
No cars	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
1 car	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2 cars or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Living rent free</b>		3	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	3	-	3	-	15
No cars		3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
1 car	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	3	-	3	-	7
2 cars or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3

Appendix 3 – Home and car ownership for the Jewish Population by LAD (5 of 5)

<b>Surrey</b>	Waverley	Surrey Heath	Runnymede	Mole Valley	Epsom and Ewell	Elmbridge	Woking	Tandridge	Spelthorne	Reigate and Banstead	Guildford	Surrey
<b>ALL HOUSEHOLDS</b>	<b>104</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>392</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>1,411</b>
No cars	3	3	4	9	11	22	4	9	12	6	18	114
1 car	40	19	37	30	48	123	40	34	41	51	50	511
2 cars or more	61	43	51	43	52	247	52	41	53	73	74	786
<b>Owned</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>330</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>1,174</b>
<b>Owens outright</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>162</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>553</b>
No cars	3	-	4	3	5	16	4	3	6	-	6	52
1 car	12	8	13	14	20	54	14	18	23	17	19	212
2 cars or more	28	14	18	18	17	92	15	13	18	25	31	289
<b>Owens with mortgage or loan</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>618</b>
No cars	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	11
1 car	21	8	18	10	14	44	16	12	13	16	17	189
2 cars or more	28	24	30	25	29	124	28	21	32	40	37	418
<b>Shared ownership</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3
No cars	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1 car	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
2 cars or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Social rented</b>	-	3	3	6	6	13	6	3	6	9	9	64
<b>Rented from council</b>	-	-	3	3	-	-	6	-	-	9	6	29
No cars	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	14
1 car	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	3	3	10
2 cars or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	3	-	5
<b>Other Social rented</b>	-	3	-	3	6	13	-	3	6	-	3	35
No cars	-	3	-	3	3	3	-	3	3	-	3	18
1 car	-	-	-	-	3	7	-	-	-	-	-	13
2 cars or more	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	3	-	-	4
<b>Private rented</b>	12	8	6	3	17	43	10	11	5	17	20	155
<b>Private landlord or letting ager</b>	9	5	6	3	14	37	10	11	5	14	14	138
No cars	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	11
1 car	4	-	3	3	11	12	7	4	5	9	8	66
2 cars or more	5	5	3	-	3	25	3	4	-	5	6	61
<b>Employer of a household mem</b>	-	3	-	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	6
No cars	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1 car	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	3
2 cars or more	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
<b>Relative or friend of a househc</b>	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	8
No cars	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1 car	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	5
2 cars or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
<b>Other</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	3
No cars	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
1 car	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
2 cars or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Living rent free</b>	-	-	-	3	3	6	-	3	-	3	-	18
No cars	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	8
1 car	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	7
2 cars or more	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	3

#### Appendix 4 – Car ownership summary

S156	Outer North London	Outer South London	Inner London	Kent	Surrey
<b>Owned</b>	34348	2681	14038	649	1174
No cars	4754	429	3033	76	63
1 car	14461	1246	7368	292	404
2 or more cars	15133	1006	3637	281	707
<b>Social rented</b>	2167	294	3974	80	64
No cars	1448	168	2950	50	32
1 car	606	111	910	22	23
2 or more cars	113	15	114	8	9
<b>Private rented</b>	3470	3471	3472	3473	3474
No cars	1116	122	2816	28	11
1 car	1640	212	2136	40	77
2 or more cars	714	52	462	18	67
<b>Living rent free</b>	621	48	464	15	18
No cars	324	22	234	5	8
1 car	230	20	188	7	7
2 or more cars	67	6	42	3	3
<b>%</b>	<b>Outer North London</b>	<b>Outer South London</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Kent</b>	<b>Surrey</b>
<b>Owned</b>					
No cars	14	16	22	12	5
1 car	42	46	52	45	34
2 or more cars	44	38	26	43	60
<b>Social rented</b>					
No cars	67	57	74	63	50
1 car	28	38	23	28	36
2 or more cars	5	5	3	10	14
<b>Private rented</b>					
No cars	32	4	81	1	0
1 car	47	6	62	1	2
2 or more cars	21	1	13	1	2
<b>Living rent free</b>					
No cars	52	46	50	33	44
1 car	37	42	41	47	39
2 or more cars	11	13	9	20	17